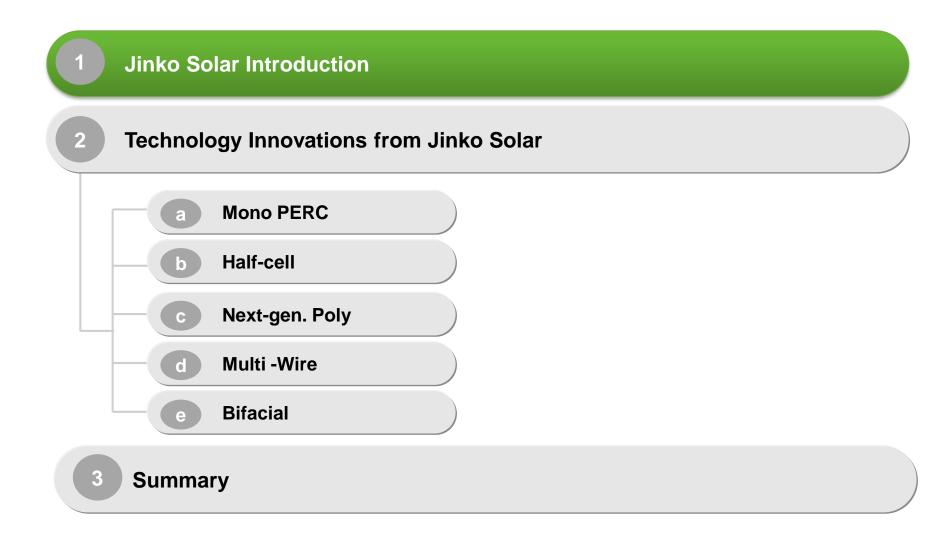


Reaching Higher Standards with Cell and Module Innovation

EU_PM Dept. 27 Mar '18 , Andrea Viaro, Head of Technical Service Europe





Key Facts of JinkoSolar





9.5 GW 26 GW Capacity Delivered (2017)

JinkoSolar R&D





State Key Laboratory

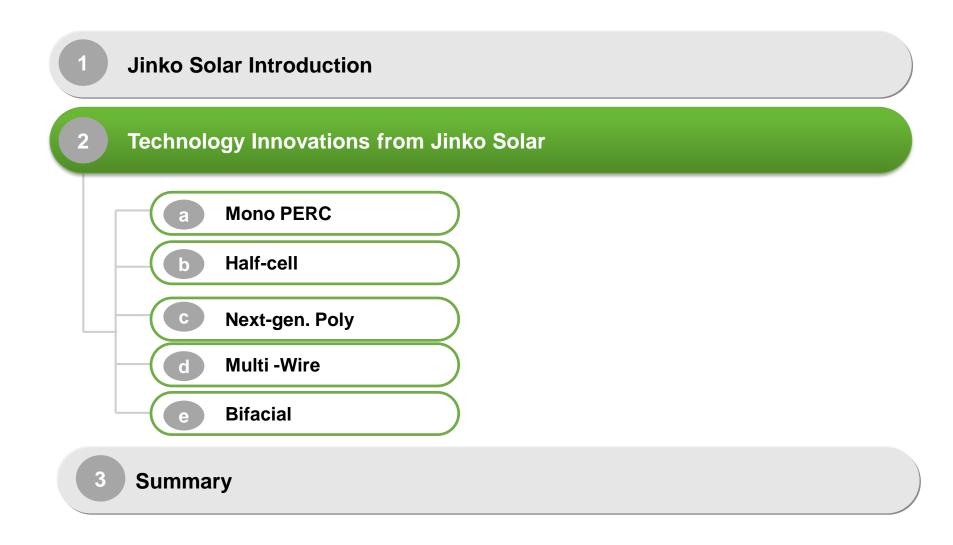
- Overall 328 full-time technical staff at Jinko Solar
- In-house R&D center for solar cell research: over 7,000 m² with 7 separate laboratory rooms and over 100 research equipment
- Close cooperation with global research institutes
- Filed 464 patents, authorized
 232 (Till 2016)





Agenda

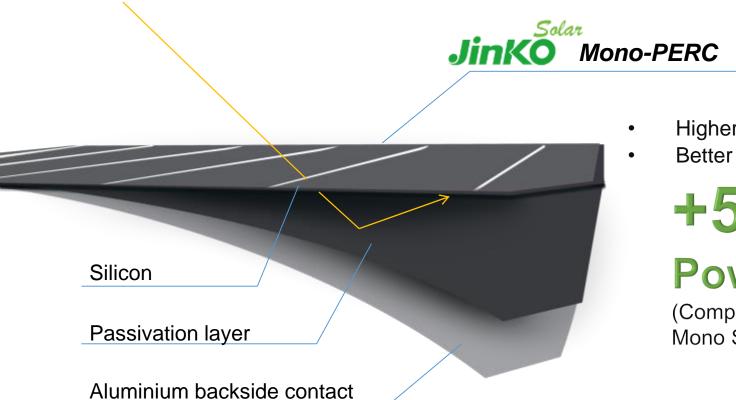




Mono PERC



Benefits of JinkoSolar Mono-PERC



Higher I_{sc} & V_{oc}

Better IR response

technology

+5%

Power

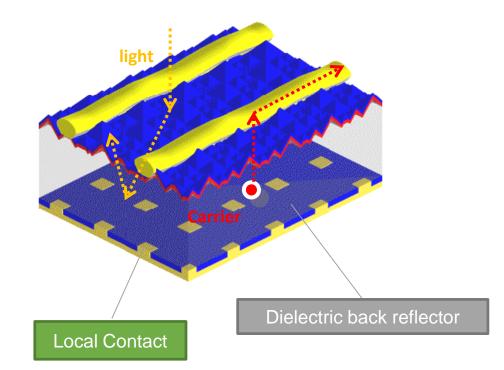
(Compared to Jinko Mono Standard)

Power Range: 60 cell 295~315 72cell 350W~370 Module Eff. boost >1% Higher power density (no space constrains)

Lower System Costs: -7% transp. -6% install. -4% BOS

Mono-PERC (Passivated Emitter Rear Contact)





PERC cell Features

- Enhanced internal backside reflectance to capture more long-wavelength light
- Decreased rear current carrier losses by

reducing the rear side recombination

Higher Quantum Efficiency than

conventional cells

Main Advantages:

- The most cost-effective C-Si high-eff. leading technology
- Available at multi-gigawatt scale industrial production
- Mature technology and long track record
- Long-term established QA protocols during whole production
- High potential for further cell efficiency increase

Light Induced Degradation (LID) Solution



- Illumination of mono cz. P-type solar cells \rightarrow Eff. reduction up to 5% abs
- Main cause: recombination of active Boron–Oxygen complexes (B-O), especially in highly Boron-doped & Oxygen-rich silicon

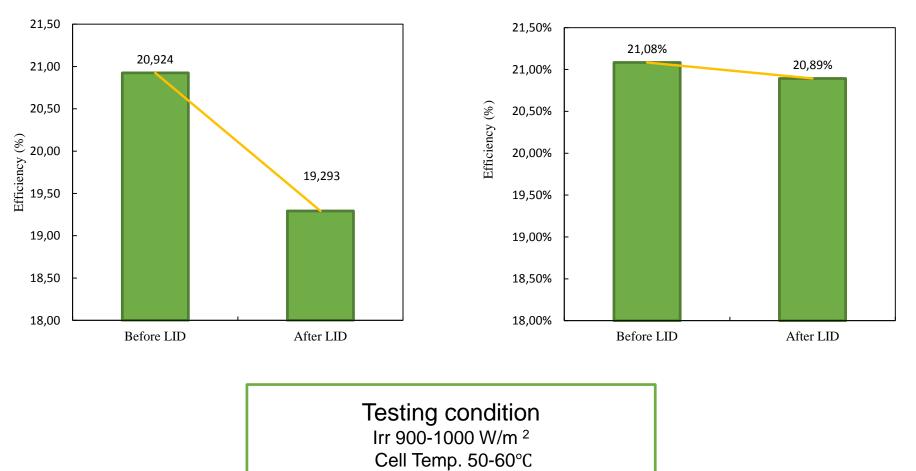


• Light-induced Hydrogen Passivation (LiHP) can dramatically reduce LID,

i.e. regeneration process

 Key parameters to deactivate Boron–Oxygen complex (Passivation): Temperature, carrier injection, Hydrogen diffusion





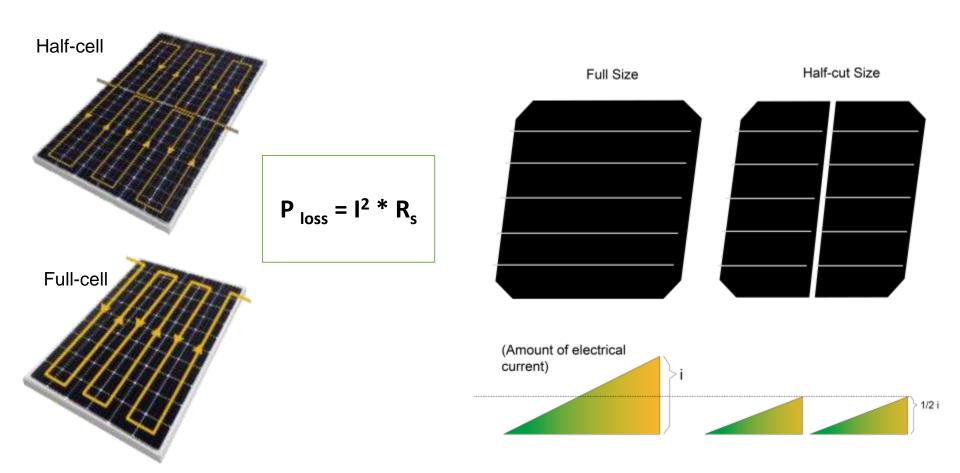
Light Soaking 5 hours

Without LiHP

With LiHP

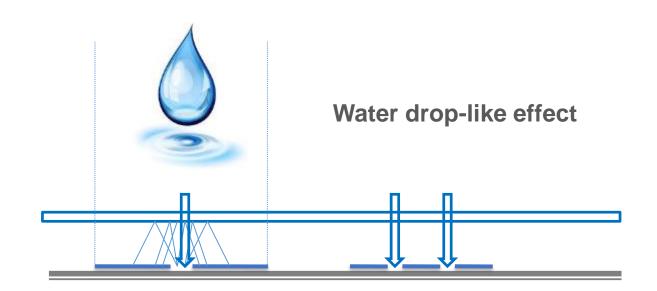
Half-cell





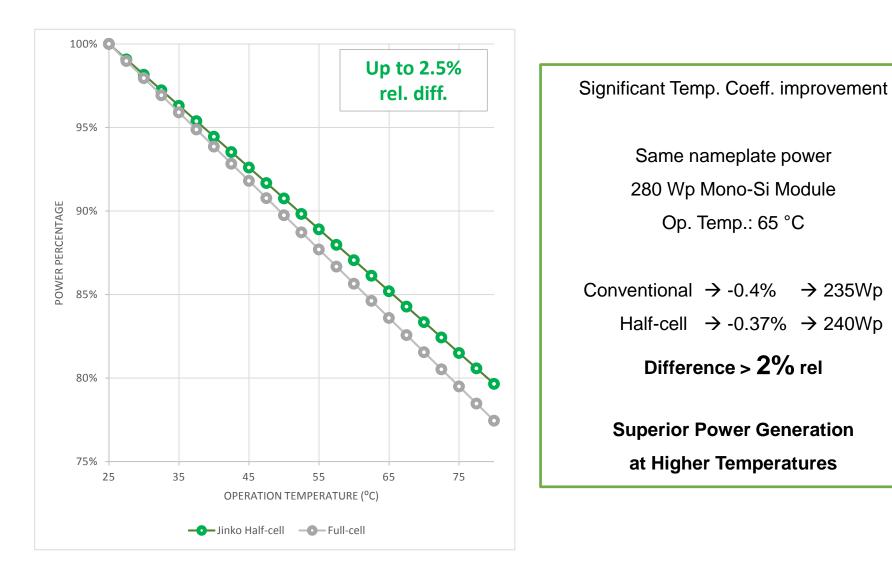
Electrical current (i) flowing on busbar is halved Resistive losses in a HC module is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a full-sized cell



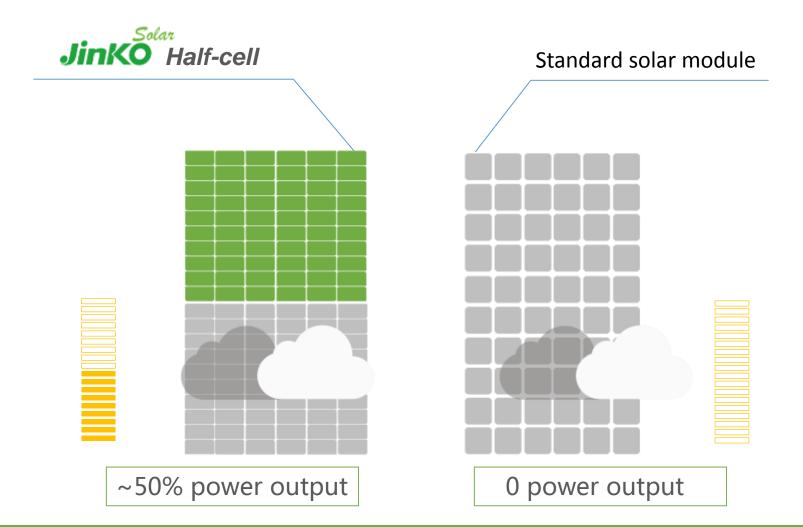










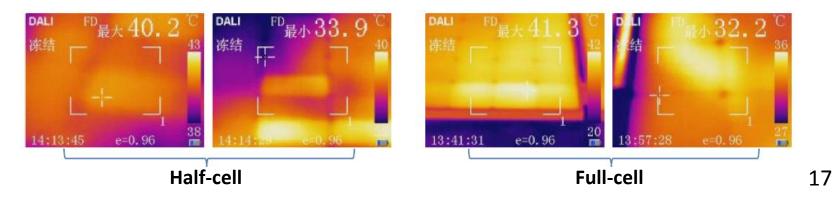


Lower shading losses of HC compared to normal module, in certain shading conditions



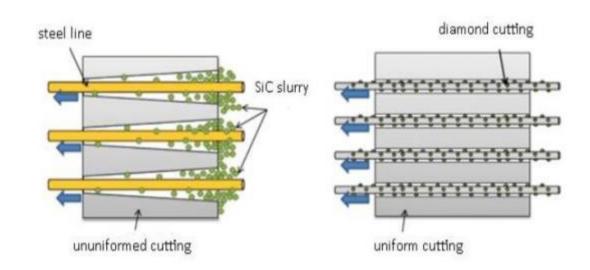
Cell	Shading condition		Maxim temperature from test	Delta
Mc-Si		½ cell	115.4	/
		½ half cell	96.0	19.4
Mono PERC		½ cell	122.4	/
		1/2 half cell	98.0	24.4

- Current, thus Power of half-cell is halved
- Lower Power dissipated on shaded cell
- Around 20°C lower temp. In hot spot test
- Less risk for system operation



Next-gen. Poly





- Diamond cut leads to less waste material
- Dark-grey colour appearance → Improved light absoption
- Uniform cutting \rightarrow More even and precise thickness of wafer
- Less damages on wafer surface (cracks, etc.) \rightarrow Higher reliability
- Faster process, which consumes less energy and therefore is a 'greener' cell



---- RENA

+ MCT

Diamond-Wire Cutting + Metal-Catalyst Texturing (MCT)

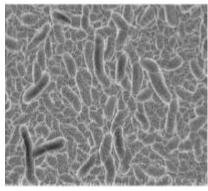
 \rightarrow boosted light

utilization

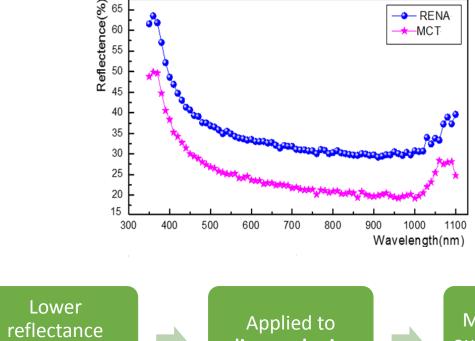
65

60

SEM Photo

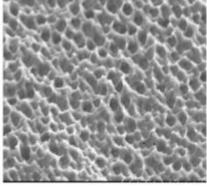


Conventional Technology



diamond-wire

sawing wafers

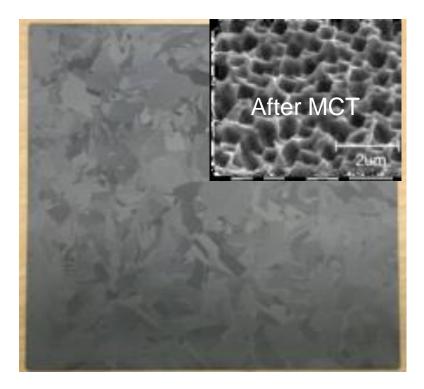


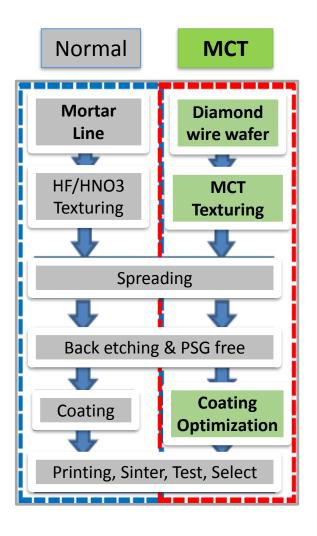
MCT Technology

Module power output increased by 2W~3W



MCT Theory: Silicon is textured by Ag as catalyst, and optimized coating process





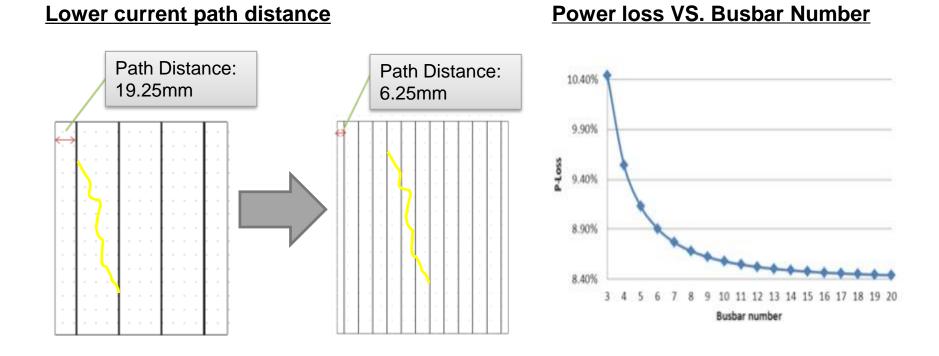
Multi-wire



Busbar Number trend

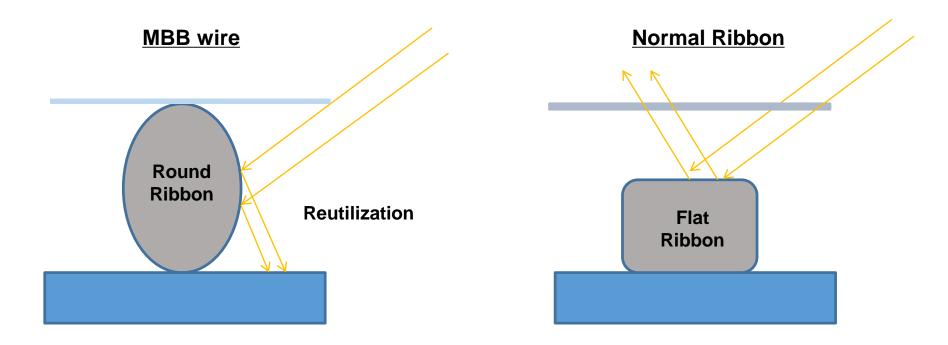






Compared to 4BB, power 12BB is around **3W higher**



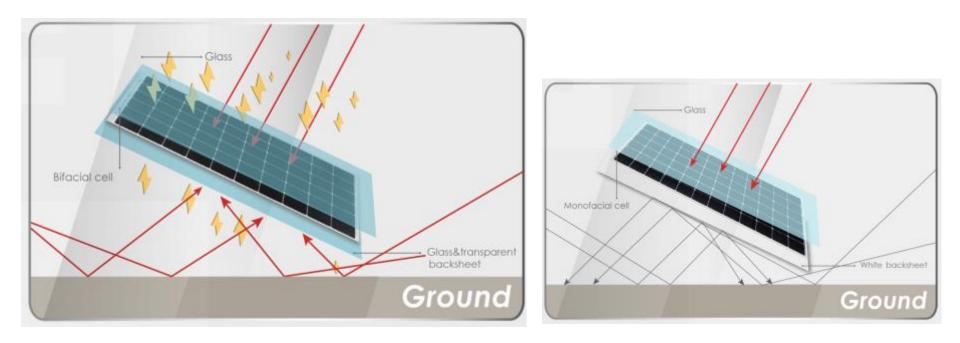


3rd party data, power of MBB module is around 1% higher

Bifacial



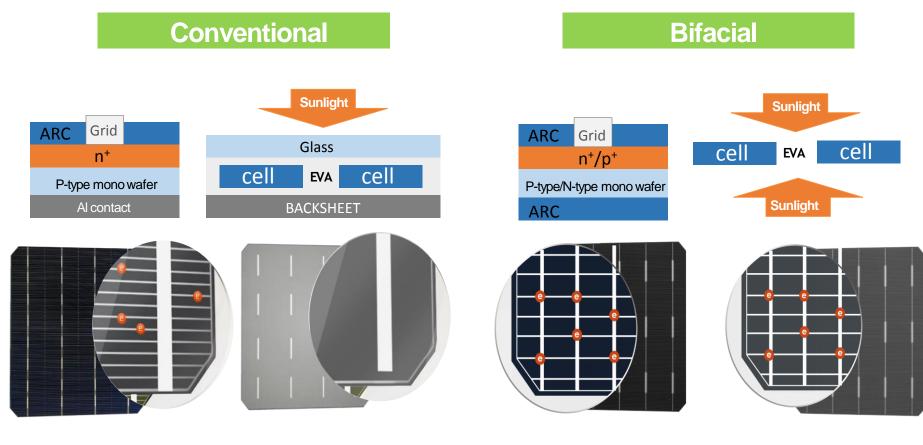
With optimized PV system design, Bifacial module can generate up to **20~30%** more energy compared to conventional monofacial module



Bifacial module: double-sided generation

Standard module: front-sided generation





Front Side

Back Side

Back Side



Save Module and BOS Cost

Assuming that two solar farms generate same amount of energy (1,414 MWh per yr),

Jinko solar Bifacial farm can save BOS costs including land area,

compared to single-face P-type



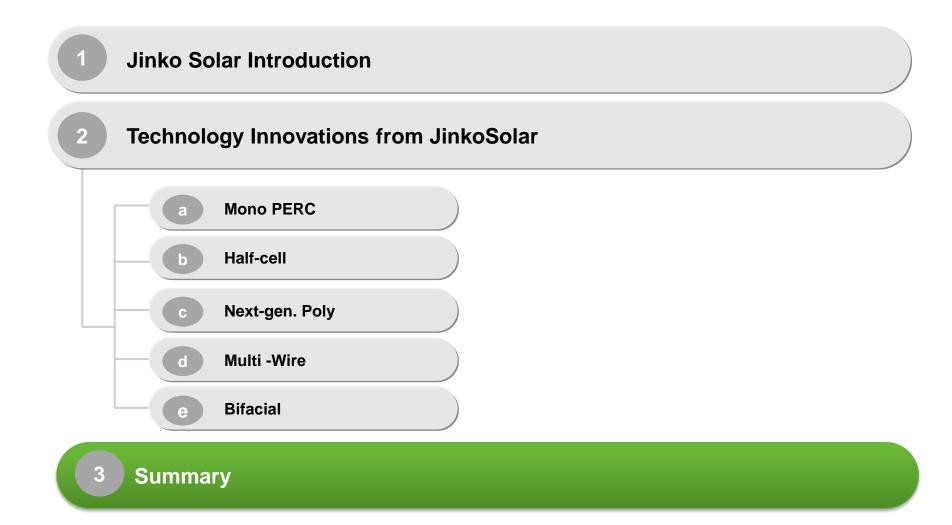


260W P type single-face module 2,743ha



2,407ha (Assuming max rear-sided generation 27.3%)







- Next PV module generation will be a combination of different technologies at both Cell and Module level
- Mono PERC is at present the most cost-effective C-Si high-eff. leading technology that is best used at multi-gigawatt scale industrial production
- HC modules currently present the most advantageous cost-benefits balance
- At least 1 higher power bin compared to the standard technology and improved Temp. Coeff.
- Even 2 classes higher if combined with other add-on features, such as White EVA+LRF
- Multi Bus Bar (MBB) is the next evolution of traditional busbar-based technology
- Module power is boosted by about 3W and reliability is also improved
- Bifacial module offer the highest potential for reducing LCOE
- With optimized PV system design, 20~30% more energy can be generated compared to conventional single-face module

More information can be found on our Website





Factory Certificates

Installation Manual

Warranty

www.jinkosolar.eu

Thank you

Back Up Slides

Vision : Optimize the energy portfolio, and take

280

responsibility for enabling a sustainable future

Mission:

Provide a one-stop solution for clean energy and become an industry leader

Major Milestones

2006

2010

2012

2013

2015

2016

2017

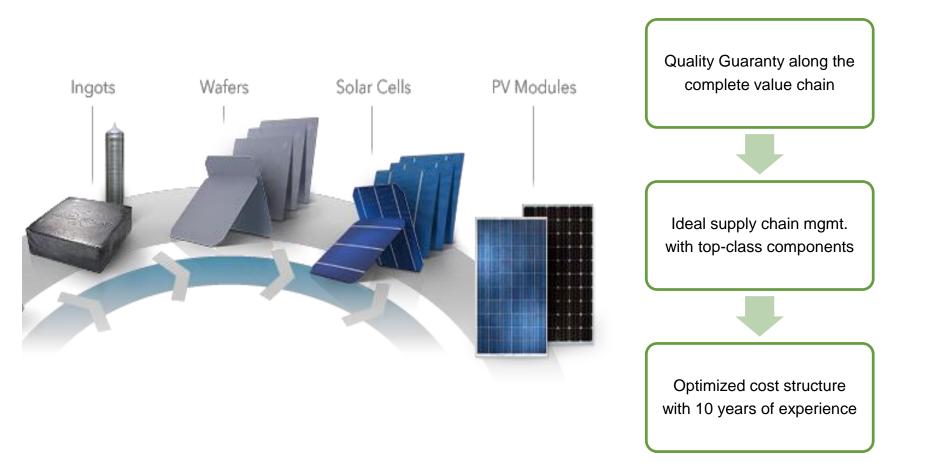


JinkoSolar Co., Ltd. established

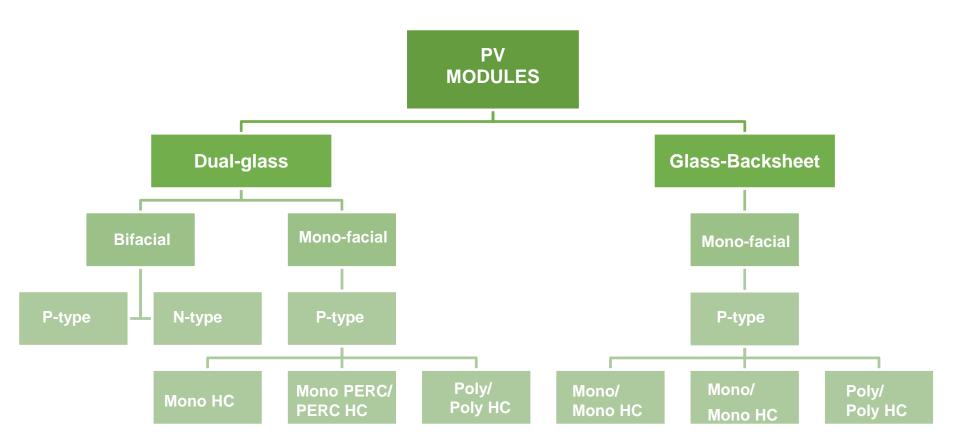
- Listed on New York Stock Exchange
- World First solar company passing 85-85 PID test
- Ranked No.2 in Photon Lab Test
- Rank No. 4 in the PV Sustainable Growth index by PwC
- Launched module manufacturing facility in South Africa
- Reached > 6 GW shipments
- Launched module manufacturing facility in Malaysia
- Signed strategic collaboration agreement with DuPont
 Photovoltaic Materials
- Bankable with over 58 major international bank
- Largest producer of solar modules worldwide with 9.5 GW capacity per year









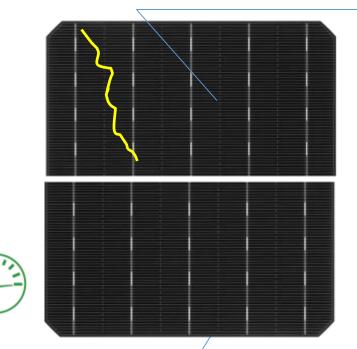


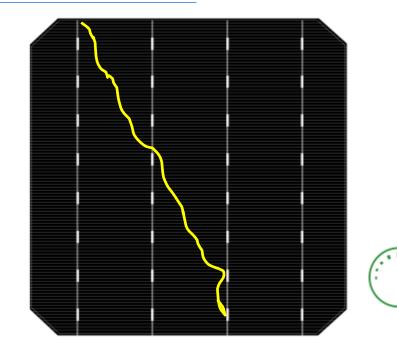
* Multiple combinations of different cell tech., module type, add-on solutions

Reliability and Micro-Crack Impact Mitigation



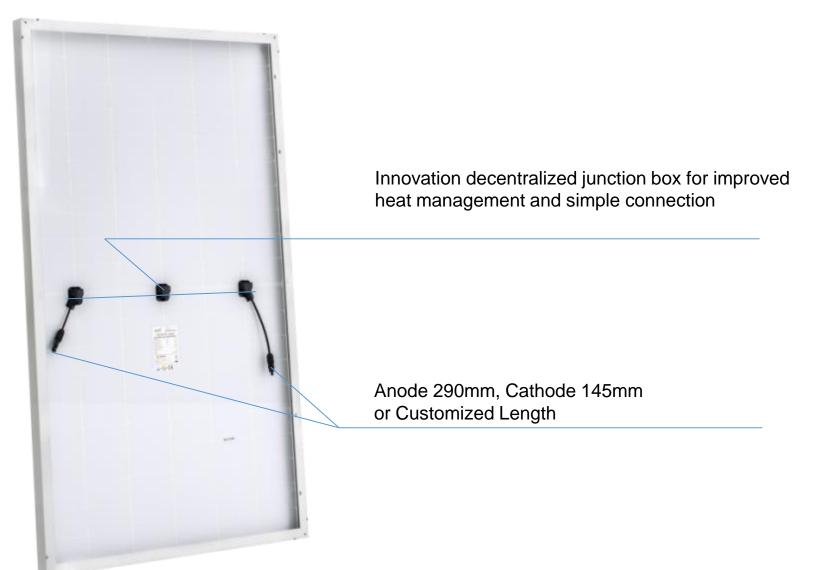




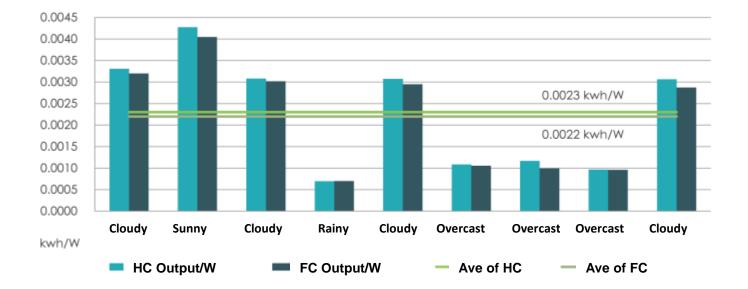


Smaller cell area reduces the potential impact of micro-cracks









From Jinko R&D PV system based on apple-to-apple comparison ~4% more energy



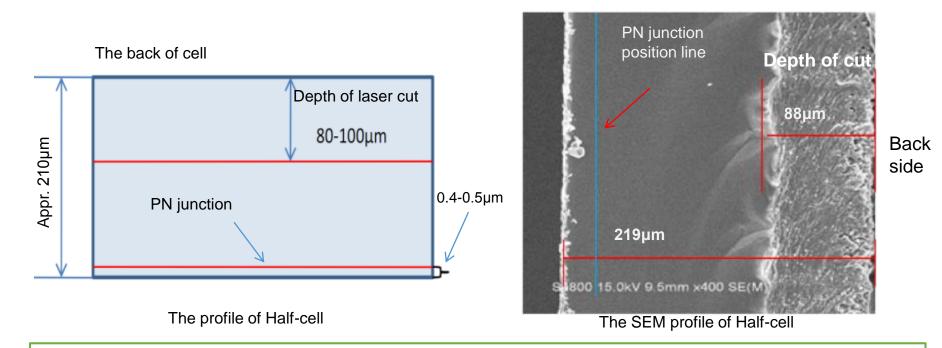
State-of-art Technologies







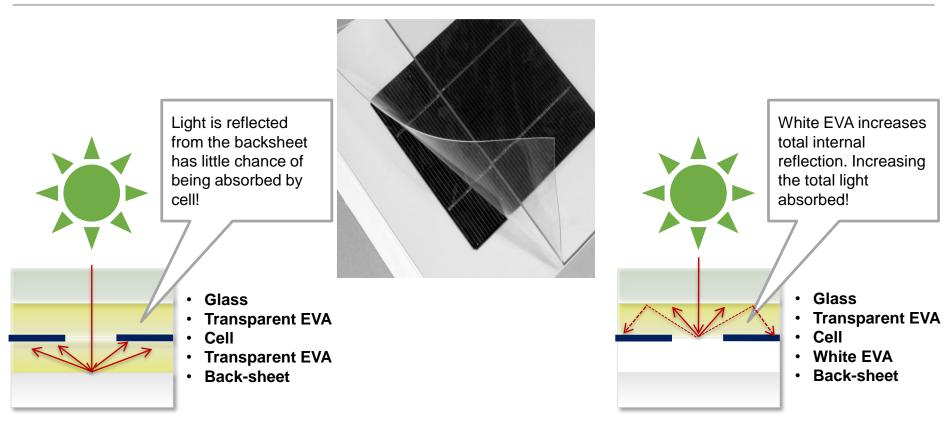




- The laser cuts from the back side of cell
- Depth of cut is about 40-50% of the cell's thickness
- Position of PN junction from the front side of cell is about 0.4-0.5μm
- Smooth area near the front side of cell, rough region affected by laser burning
- Distance between PN junction and laser cut area avoids damages to PN junction

White EVA





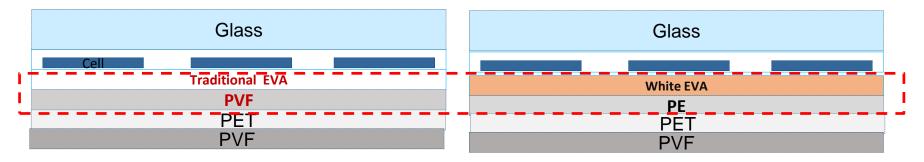
White EVA increases power thanks to internal light reflection (water- drop effect)

Up to 2~4W power increment(confirmed by internal tests)



Traditional TPT Solution

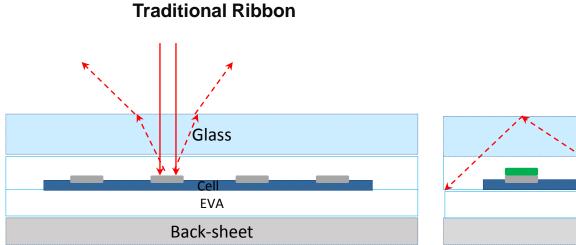
Improved TPE + White EVA Solution



	Yellowing Index (UV)	UV Block Ability (T%)	WVTR
TPT + Traditional EVA	6	0.012%	2.6
TPE + White EVA	0.88	0.010%	2.01
Test purpose	432 KW.h/m ² UV irradiance =30 times higher than natural conditions to simulate 25y aging in hash environment	Evaluate backsheet ability to protect the PET layer from UV light	Protection ability against moisture ingress into the laminate
Results	More than 10 times lower UV index → lower material aging	PET core exposed to only 0.04kW.h/m ² UV in 25y	20% better WVTR

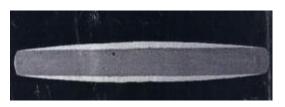


Light-Redirecting Film (LRF)



Ribbon + LRF

Ribbon cross-section





LRF cross-section

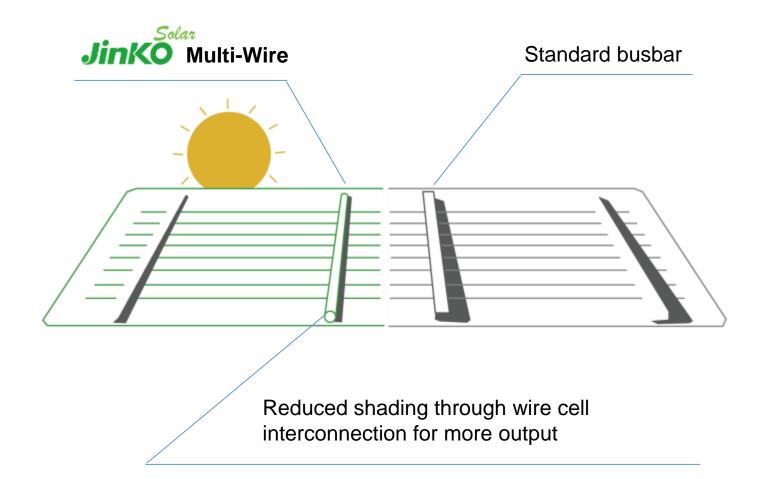


Boosted light utilization at modul level thanks to higher internal reflections

Module power output increased by more than 3W

Thicker EVA alleviates internal stress

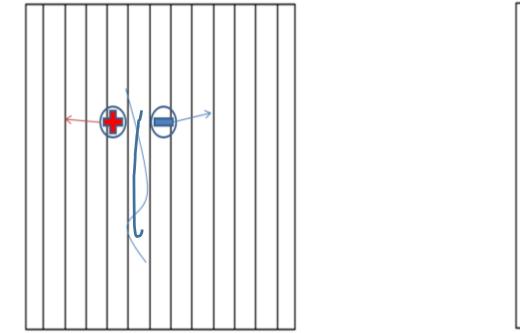


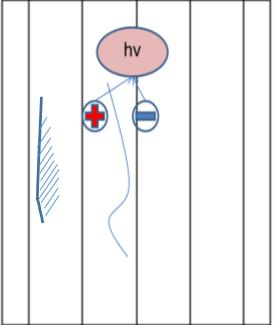






Normal Busbar





Short distance between Busbar leads less micro-crack



The most cost-effective C-Si high-eff. leading technology

• Highest Efficiency, boosted yield

Available at multi-gigawatt scale industrial production

Mature production process

Mature technology and long track record

• Bankable globally

Well understood LID stabilization solution

• High long-term reliability

Long-term established QA protocols and continuous R&D studies

Potential for further efficiency and reliability increase



Lower resistive losses

• Higher Wp, higher yield, lower LCOE, higher IRR

Better Temp.Coeff.

Higher performance in hot environment conditions

Split-cells in parallel

• Lower mismatch losses due to soiling, shading, cracks etc.

Lower Imp

Hot-spot effect mitigation

Split Junction-Box

• Improved heat dissipation design



Lower Losses

• Higher Wp

More Internal Reflection from Round Ribbon

• Power gain

Less Sensitive to Micro-crack

• Higher reliability

Lower cell shading effect

• Better light utilization

Thinner wire design

• Better Aesthetic



Bifacial cell structure

• Double light collecting ability, higher power and energy yield

High Bifacial Factor

• Rear side efficiency higher than 15.5%, bifacial factor higher than 0.70 (P-type)

High Durability and Reliability

• Dual-glass durable encapsulation, high PID-resistance, 30y Warranty

1500V system voltage

• Longer strings, lower BOS costs

Frameless design

Suitable for BIPV or other applications