

Cutting Expenditure at the Cost of Investment Returns? The Real Value of Durable Materials and Components in Optimizing Solar's LCOE

EU PM Dept. 5th June 2018 Andrea Viaro, Head of Technical Service & Product Mgmt. Europe

Facts and Figures



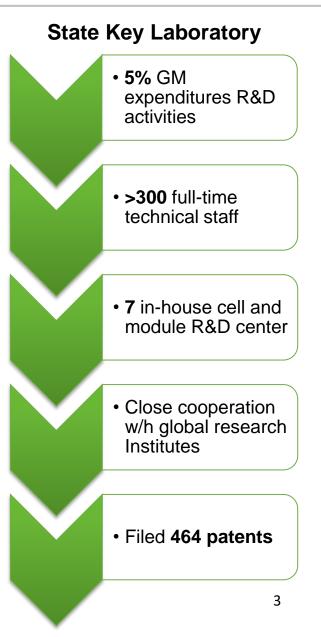


9.7 GW 29 GW Capacity ('17) Delivered (Dec'17)

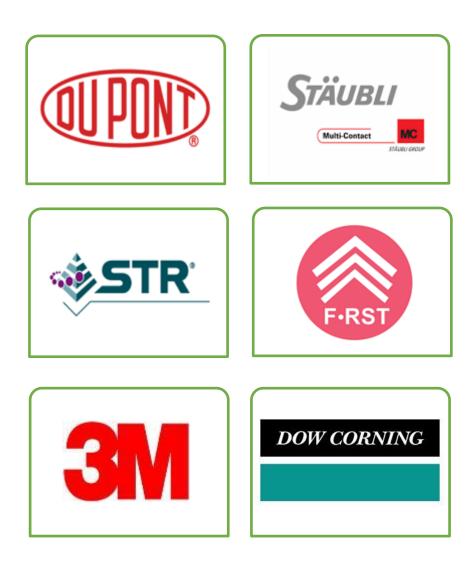
R&D leadership



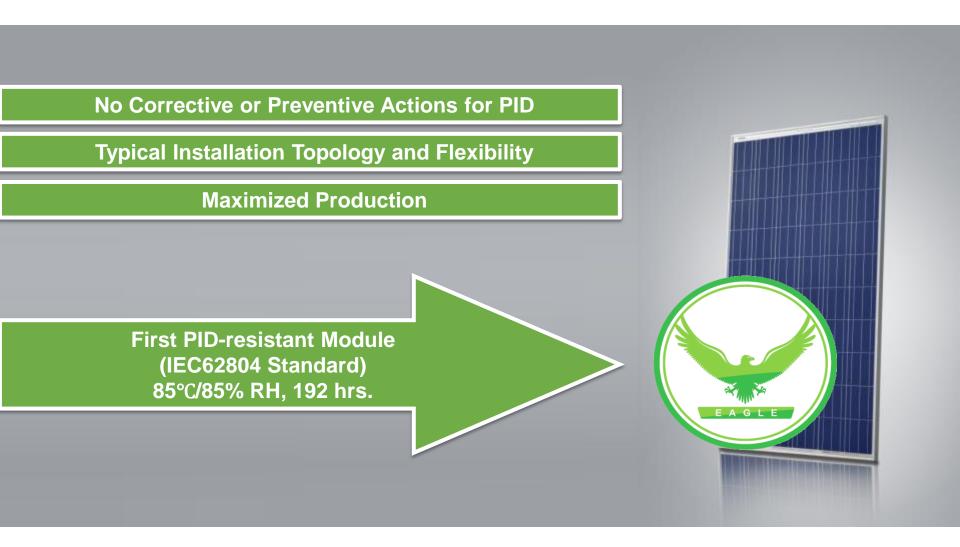








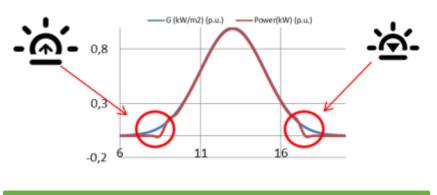




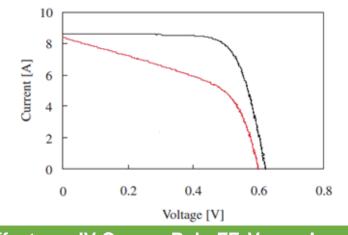


PID'S MAIN FACTORS

Climate weather conditions: temperature, humidity
System topology: module position, system voltage
Module: encapsulant and design/structure (frame, isolation)
Cells: Anti-Reflecting Coating

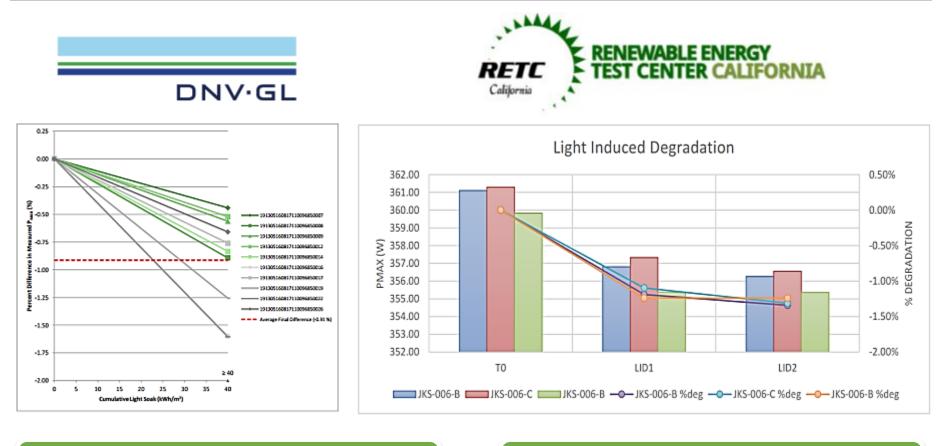


Inverter Wake Up and Drop Off (Voc)





Reliable Performance: LID control



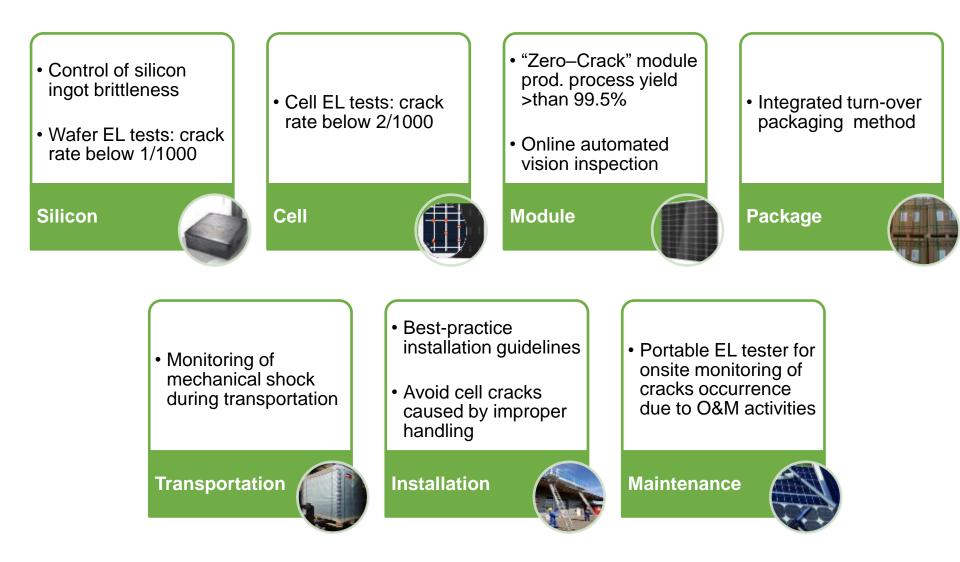
Poly modules JKM320PP-V tested Results: -0.9% (average) Mono PERC modules JKM355M-72-V, JKM285M-60 Results: -1.3% (Average)





- Connectors for photovoltaic systems shall comply with IEC 62548 TS
- IEC 62548 TS: Design requirements for photovoltaic (PV) arrays "...connectors mated together in a PV system shall be of the same type from the same manufacturer"
- PV Module Installation Manual: Applicable local and national Electrical Codes shall be fulfilled for module wiring
- Potential PV Module Warranty waiver





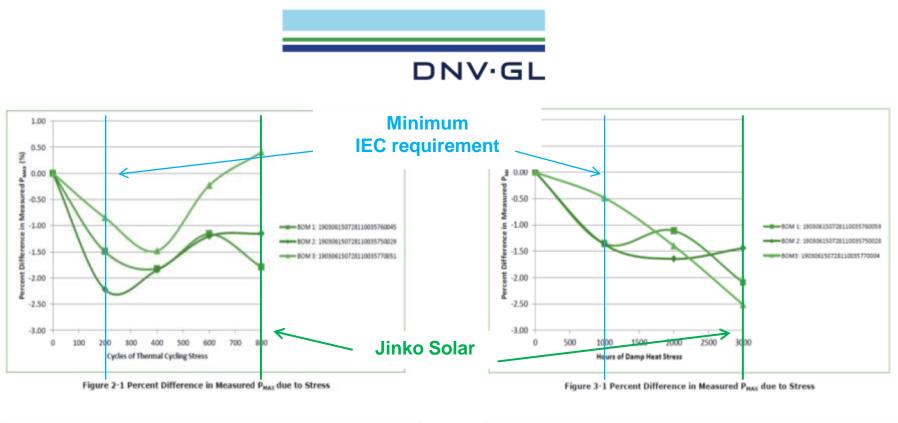
Success rate	2016	2017
Pre-shipment	99.65%	99.83%
Post-shipment	99.2%	99.97%

Pre-shipment

Post-shipment

- EVA thickness and density increase/optimization
- Cell Soldering optimization & automation
- Automatic turn-over packing machine

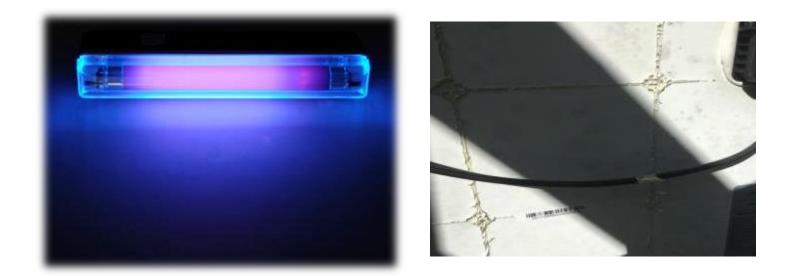




Thermal Cycle 800 4x MORE SEVERE THAN STANDARD El. Connections Stress Test Results: -0.85% (average) Damp Heat 3000 3x MORE SEVERE THAN STANDARD Laminate Stress Test Results: -2.01% (average)



Laminate Reliability: UV-light Resistance



• First Chinese PV Manufacturer to Receive the IEC61345 Certification from TÜV Rheinland

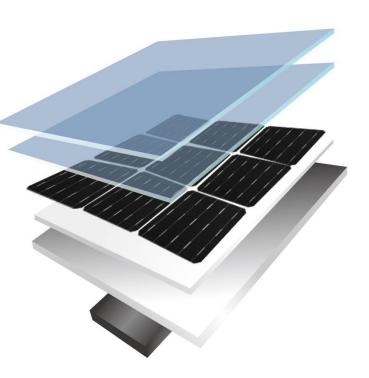
• Ultraviolet-B light resistance ("UVB", 320~280 nm λ)

• 10 x testing conditions, compared to IEC61215 (15 kWh/m² UV irr. with 5 kWh/m² UVB)

• >137.8 kWh/m² UVA+UVB (400~280 nm)



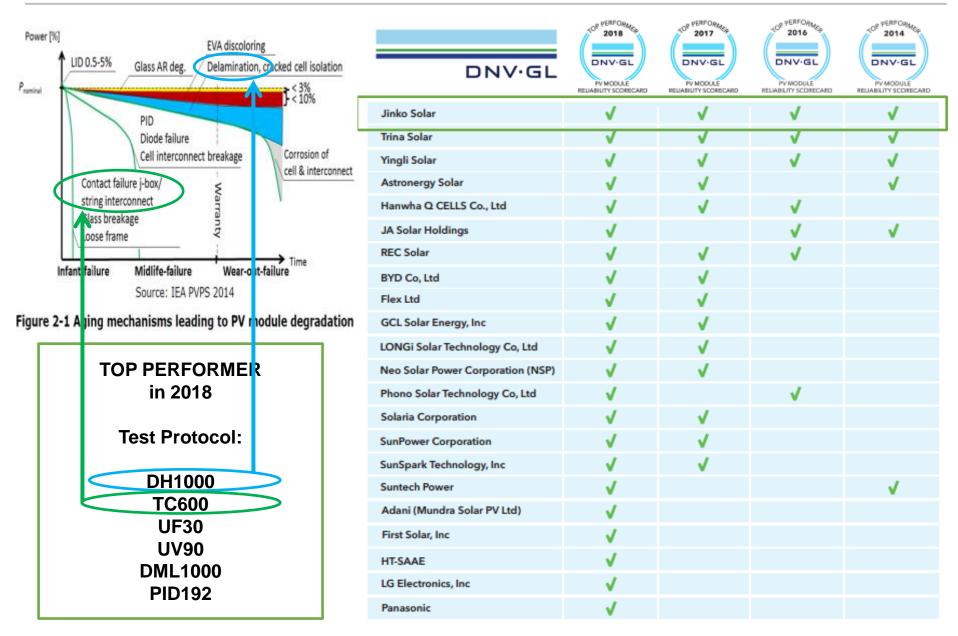
	Yellowing Index (UV)	UV-light Resistance (T%)	Water Vapor Transmission Rate (g/m2⋅d)
TPT + Transp. EVA	6.00	0.012	2.60
TPE + White EVA	0.88	0.010	2.01
Test purpose	Simulate 25y aging in harsh environment (432 KW.h/m2 UV irradiance)	Inner PET layer protection against UV light	Protection against moisture ingress into the laminate
Results	10 times lower UV index → lower material aging	PET core exposed to only 0.04kW.h/m ² UV in 25y	20% better WVTR



Improved TPE + White EVA Solution

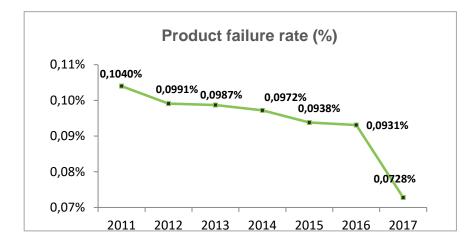
Third-Party Testing: Accelerated Aging





Thank you







Fast response: Local Branches with CS Personnel





Professional Service: Experienced engineers for both

Pre/After-Sales Support

Continuous Improvement: Thorough troubleshooting and CAPA implementation



Customer-Oriented: Tailored Solutions and Consistent follow-up

Light Induced Degradation (LID) Solution



- Illumination of mono cz. P-type solar cells \rightarrow Eff. reduction up to 5% abs
- Main cause: recombination of active Boron–Oxygen complexes (B-O), especially in highly Boron-doped & Oxygen-rich silicon



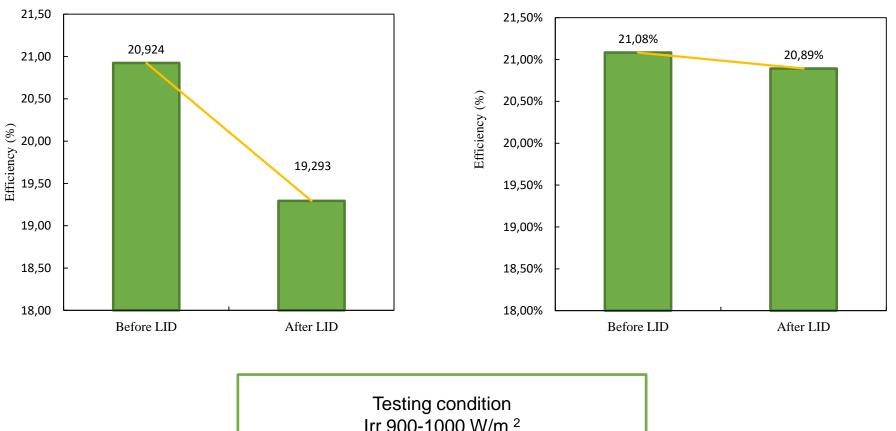
• Light-induced Hydrogen Passivation (LiHP) can dramatically reduce LID,

i.e. regeneration process

• Key parameters to deactivate Boron–Oxygen complex (Passivation):

Temperature, carrier injection, Hydrogen diffusion





Without LiHP

With LiHP

Irr 900-1000 W/m² Cell Temp. 50-60°C Light Soaking 5 hours