

Ph.D Javier Guerrero, specialist in Bifacial technology and Project Manager at BiTEC, presents real field-data on Bifacial Gain with solar trackers ////

Colin Caufield, VP of Sales for Soltec USA, in charge of searching and presenting the highest-quality and most innovative solution in the Single-Axis Solar Tracker market ///

BIEG

Bifacial Tracking, The Real Dea



Soltec history

Global Force

Soltec is working with 15 years of industry experience and a global labor force of more than 1,500 people

Tracker Specialist

Top-tier manufacturer and supplier of singleaxis solar trackers and specialist in customer experience and innovation





6.7+ GW in projects all over the world

The company has manufacturing facilities in Argentina, Brazil, China and Spain as well as offices in Australia, Chile, Denmark, Egypt, India, Israel, Italy, Mexico, Peru and the US





Solter Our bifacial story





2015

'La Silla' solar plant (Chile), 2015. Soltec produced **the first solar tracker specifically designed for bifacial modules** installed in a utility scale solar plant.



2017

Soltec launchs SF7 Bifacial Single-Axis Tracker.

- Higher mounting height
- Shadow-free backside
- · Wide-aisle reflecting surfaces

2018

Soltec Leads with the World's First Bifacial Tracking Evaluation Center

BiTEC (Bifacial Tracker Evaluation Center) measures bifacial performance and its effect on yield.

2019

1.1 GW SF7 Bifacial in projects worldwide

Soltec Supplies SF7 Bifacial Single-Axis Tracker for Sao Gonçalo PV plant in Brazil (475 MW)









Objectives of study from Soltec:

1. Lay out criteria

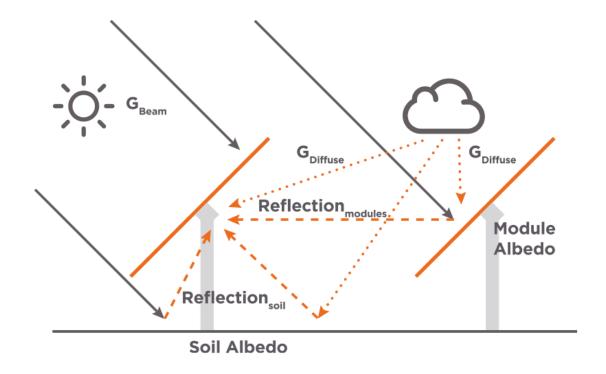
- Optimal height
- Different Ground color and texture
- Pitch
- Configuration
- **2. Energy Yield** = f(G, h, Pitch, Soil color)
- 3. Tracking algorithm optimization for bifacial
- Measure albedo in different soils
- Measure different GCR
- Measure different heights
- Measure in real conditions
- Shadow interference losses
- Module temperature impact
- TeamTrack Backtracking





Bifacial Gain

$E_{bifacial} \Rightarrow E_{monofacial} \times (1 + Bifacial Ratio \times bifaciality)$



Bifacial ratio:

Bifacial Gain

Ratio of the irradiation that reaches the rear side of a module (Grear) to the irradiation that reaches the front-side (Gfront).

Module Bifaciality:

Ratio of the energy conversion efficiencies of the rear and front sides of a module.





Bifacial Gain Optimizing power generated by the rear **Bifacial Gain side: bifacial trackers

↑ Bifaciality

Grear Gdiffuse

PV module feature
Soil feature
Pitch — Layout feature

◆ Rear shadow

Racking feature

	G ° glob	al	G ° glo	bal	ı
FRONT ALBEDO TRACK	BEAM	DIFFUSE	BEAM	DIFFUSE	REAR
	G _{front}		rear		rear interferences
	E _{front}	E _{rea}	ar) bi	ifaciality
	E _{bif}	acial			

Measured BiTEC Results		Bifacial Gain Estimation		
Albedo (%)	Bifacial Ratio (%)	Module Bifaciality (p.u.)	Bifacial Gain	
Seasonal 18,9%	8,8%	0,75	6,6%	
		0,80	7,0%	
		0,85	7,4%	
White 58,1%	20,3%	0,75	15,3%	
		0,80	16,2%	
		0,85	17,3%	

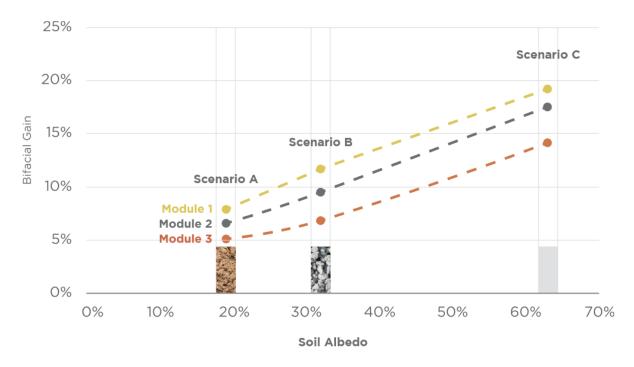




Bifacial Parameters Albedo

The albedo varies with the **color and characteristics of the surfaces** that reflect light on to the rear of a module.

Light colored, smooth surfaces have high albedos which can lead to high energy output from the rear of a module.



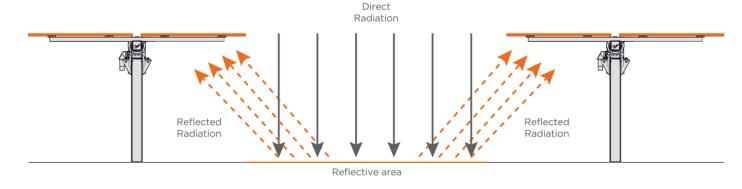
Type of	Albedo			Bifacial Gain				
ground	Fall	Winter	Spring	9 months	Fall	Winter	Spring	9 months
Scenario A:	62,8%	55,50%	53,2%	58,2%	19,2%	14,3%	13,1%	16,2%
White	02,8%	33,30%	55,2%	36,270	19,270	14,370	13,1/0	10,2%
Scenario B:	22.00/	25,50%	27,2%	29,0%	11,9%	0.20/	7 00/	10 19/
Gravel	Gravel 32,0%	23,30%	27,270	29,0%	11,9%	9,3%	7,8%	10,1%
Scenario C:	10 20/	17 200/	10 60/	10 00/	7.00/	C E0/	C 10/	7.00/
Seasonal	19,2%	17,20%	19,6%	18,9%	7,9%	6,5%	6,1%	7,0%

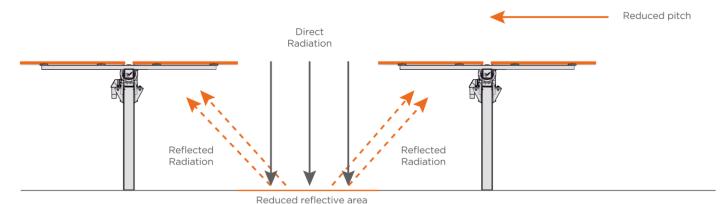




Bifacial Parameters Bifet Pitch

Pitch 8.7 meters		10 meters	12 meters	
Bifacial Gain	9.49%	12.11%	14.58%	
Δ	- 2.62%	Baseline	2.47%	







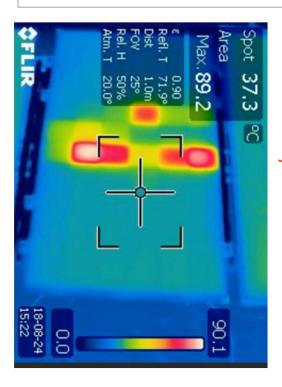




Bifacial Parameters Shading

1P PVSyst simulation

Structure Shading Factor = 5.6%



Front Side IR Image

Module on short circuit. Albedo 63%

Torque-tube shading in 1P bifacial module configuration

Rear Side

Torque-tube shading in 1P bifacial module configuration



4 inch clearance from module to Torque-Tube





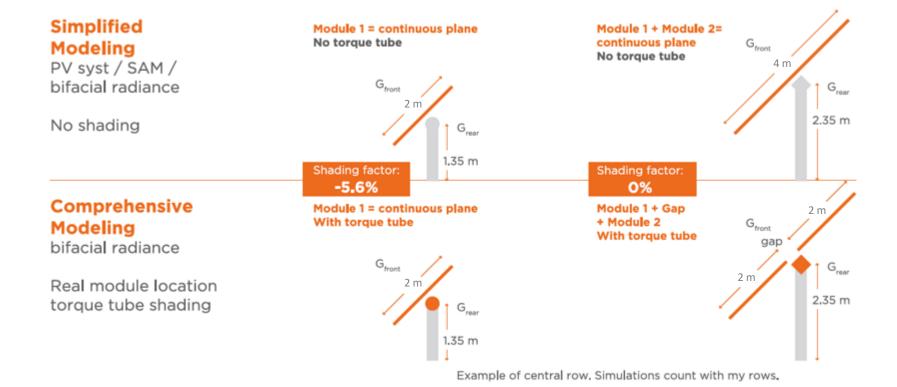


Bifacial Parameters Shading

Racking shading could reach **↓20%** rear irradiation loss

SF7 Bifacial PVSyst simulation

Structure Shading Factor = 0%







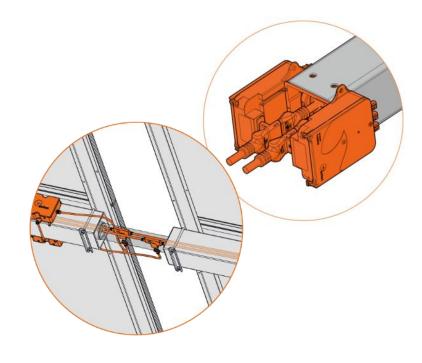
SF7 Bifacial PVSyst simulation

Structure Shading Factor = 0%



Minimizing the number of objects shading:

- No rear shading from torque tube → 5% less interferences
- ✓ Fewer piles/MW
- ✓ No hanging wires → 81% less wiring →
 StringRunner
- No dampers









BITEC: Companies Output of Bifacial Modules Tackers Vs. 2P Sol **BITEC: Comparing the Energy**

1P Solar Trackers Vs. 2P Solar Trackers



2P - SF7 Bifacial - Gap ✓
2P - SF7 Bitacial - Gap ✓

Tracker	Height	Albedo	GCR 0.4 Pitch
2P (SF7 Bifacial)	2,35 m	58,2%	10 m
1P	1,35 m	58,2%	5 m

Bifacial Gain					
Fall Winter Spring Overall					
19,2%	14,3%	13,4%	16,3%		
16,8%	12,6%	11,4%	14,1%		
2,4%	1,7%	2,0%	2,1%		

Parameters	Calculated Bifacial Gain
Lower average module temperature (better cooling)	+1,3%
No torque tube shading	+0,7
Higher module height and other design details	+0,1
Total	2,1%



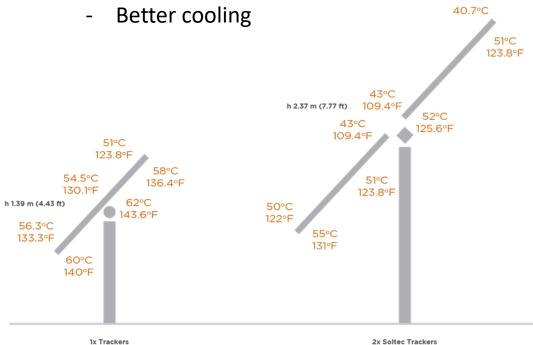


Bifacial Parameters

Module Temperature

2P SF7 Bifacial +1.2% more power than the module on the **1P** tracker because:

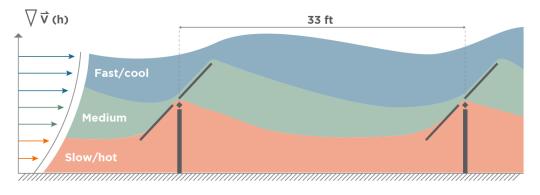
- The tracker is higher

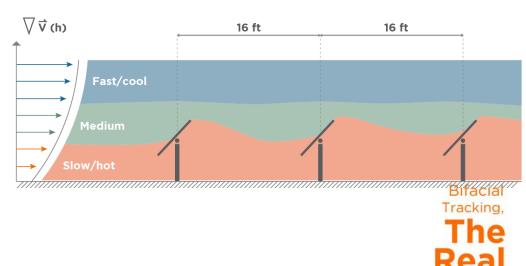


SOLTEC White Papers, link online:

<u>Bifacial Trackers, The Real deal</u> <u>How to simulate Bifacial Projects</u>

2P SF7 Vs. 1P Tracker cooling



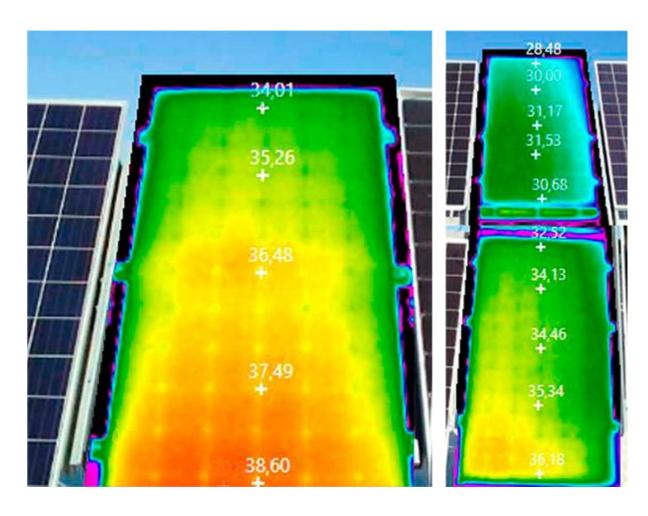




Bifacial Parameters

Module Temperature

module temperatures tend to be lower than those of 1P trackers, as seen in Figure 10. SF7 Bifacial tracker design allows for airflow through the tracker and considers the installation of modules higher above the ground, hence favoring overall cooling. Lower performance temperatures lead to increased power generation.



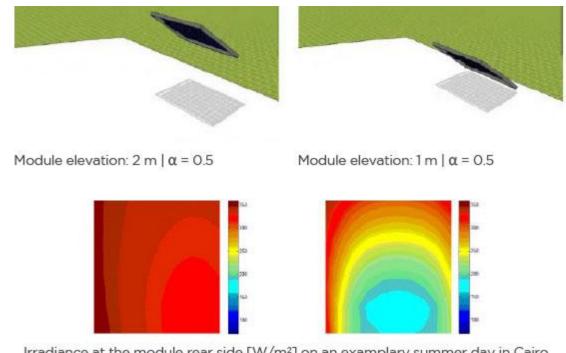




Mismatch loss standard 1P = 10% W/m² Mismatch loss SF7 Bifacial = 3.1 % W/m²

Module height affects the irradiance on the rear of a module:

- The modules higher off the ground see more diffuse radiation than those closer to the ground.
- The modules higher off the ground receive more radiation reflected.
- Higher modules tend to operate at lower temperature.



Irradiance at the module rear side [W/m2] on an examplary summer day in Cairo



Parameters adjustments in PVsyst® for the SF7 Bifacial tracker

Parameters	Standard 1P trackers	SF7 Bifacial	
Angle	-	-60º +60º	
Height	1.35 meters	2.35 meters	
Structure Shading Factor	5.6%	0%	
Shed Transparent Fraction	MT%	(MT* + 3.75) x 1'017 (%)	
Thermal Loss factor Thermal factor (Uc)	29 W/m2 k	31 W/m2 k	
Thermal Loss Factor (Uv)	0 W/m2 k/m/s	1.6 W/m2 k/m/s	
Mismatch Loss Factor	10 %	3.1 %	

^{*}MT: Module Transparency from module manufacturer



BiTEC results – 9 months tests

Albedo	Pitch	Height (m)	Tracker model	Shade	Bifacial Gain
18,9%	10 m	2,35 m	2V (SF7 bifacial)	0%	7,0%
29,0%	10 m	2,35 m	2V (SF7 bifacial)	0%	10,1%
58,2%	10 m	2,35 m	2V (SF7 bifacial)	0%	16,2%
58,2%	5 m	1,35 m	1 V	5,3%	14,1%

- 7-16% Bifacial Gain for variable albedo soils
- +2,1% Bifacial Gain increment with SF7 Bifacial tracker
- PVsyst parameters





Conclusions

- Bifacial Gain for 2P SF7 Bifacial tracker is 2.1% higher than a solar tracker with 1P configuration.
- This difference is mainly caused by the lack of shading in the rear side of the module, by the higher position of the solar panels, and by a lower operating temperature.
- Field data from BiTEC obtained between September 2018 and June 2019 show a Bifacial Gain of **16.3%** for individual bifacial tracker modules with an albedo of about 58.1%.
- Under seasonal albedo conditions, in which ground albedo changes throughout the year,
 Bifacial Gain was 7%.
- The specific performance and advantages of bifacial modules can be simulated using available software, such as PVsyst®, provided bifacial parameters are properly entered. To do that, it is necessary to adjust the values for Structure Shading factor, Shed Transparent fraction, Field Thermal Loss factors and Mismatch Loss factor.





Thank you

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