



# Best practice guidelines for high quality utility scale project development and module manufacturing

Quality Roundtable – Renewable Energy India Expo 2019

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# Agenda

## Part I

12:00

Welcome and introductions

12:05

### PANEL DISCUSSION

Utility scale project development guidelines, and key considerations for ensuring quality and durability, NSEFI Quality Taskforce stakeholder discussion

12:35

Learning from 2GW field data analysis: specifying the right PV materials to achieve maximum solar returns

# Agenda

## Part II

**pvmagazine group**

12:45

### PANEL DISCUSSION

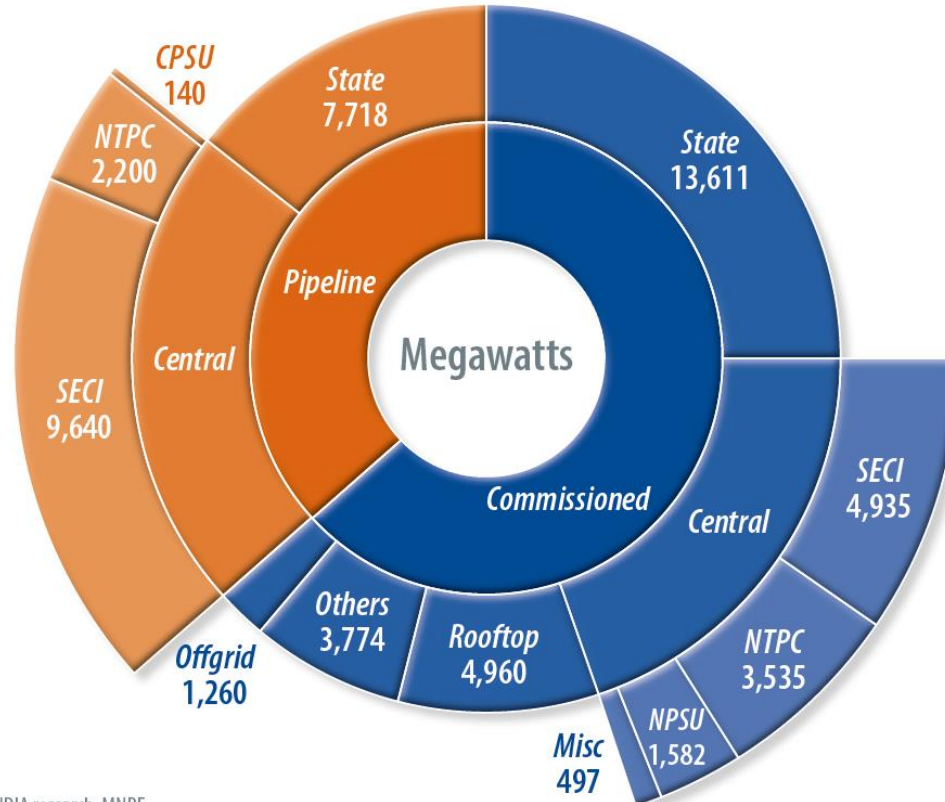
Made in India modules: setting up manufacturing locally. Practical guidance to ensure quality standards and supply international markets, and addressing opportunities and challenges under current policy frameworks, tariff structures and subsidies

13:25

Closing remarks and invitation to the Networking Session

Networking

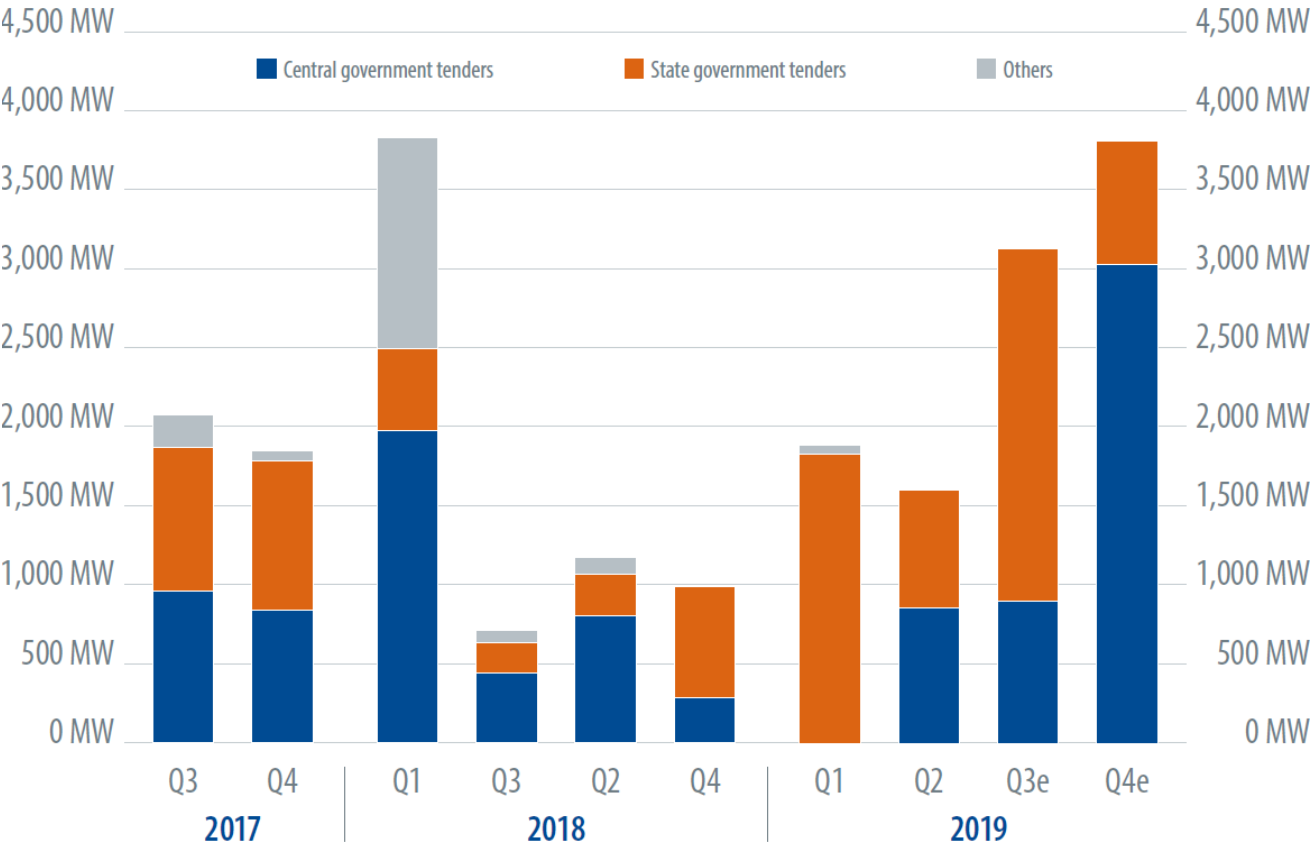
**Total installed and pipeline capacity at the end of June 2019**



Source: BRIDGETO INDIA research, MNRE

Utility scale solar capacity addition

Source: BRIDGE TO INDIA research





**Subrahmanyam Pulipaka**

**CEO**







# Panel discussion

Utility scale project development guidelines, and key considerations for ensuring quality and durability, NSEFI Quality Taskforce stakeholder discussion







**Monika Rathi**

Head of Business  
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Mahindra



**Jitendra Morankar**

VP of Global Design  
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**NEXTracker**  
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**Jan Mastny**

Head of Global Sales,  
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**Shantanu Sirsath**

Technical Head India

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**Olivier Haldi**

Global Business Development  
Alternative Energies

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# Quality case I

Walmart vs. Tesla

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“*On information and belief, Tesla’s predecessor-in-interest-SolarCity-had adopted an ill-considered business model that required it to install solar panel systems haphazardly and as quickly as possible in order to turn a profit, and the contractors and subcontractors who performed the original installation work had not been properly hired, trained, and supervised.*”

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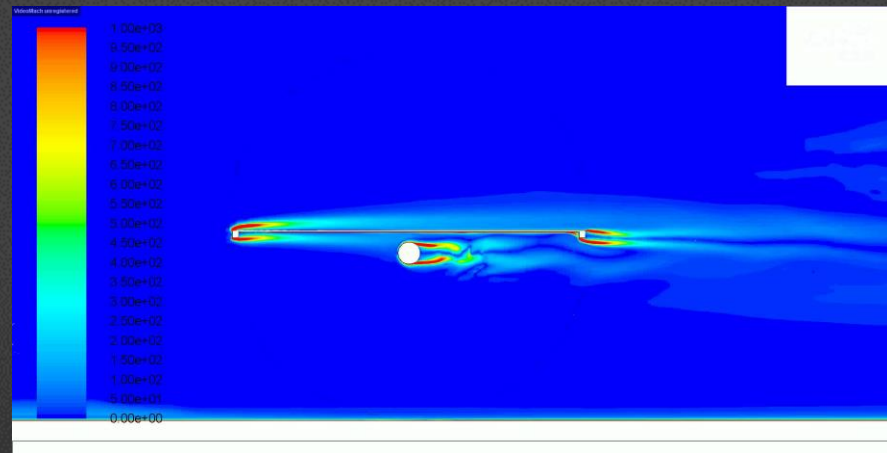
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# Dynamic Analysis

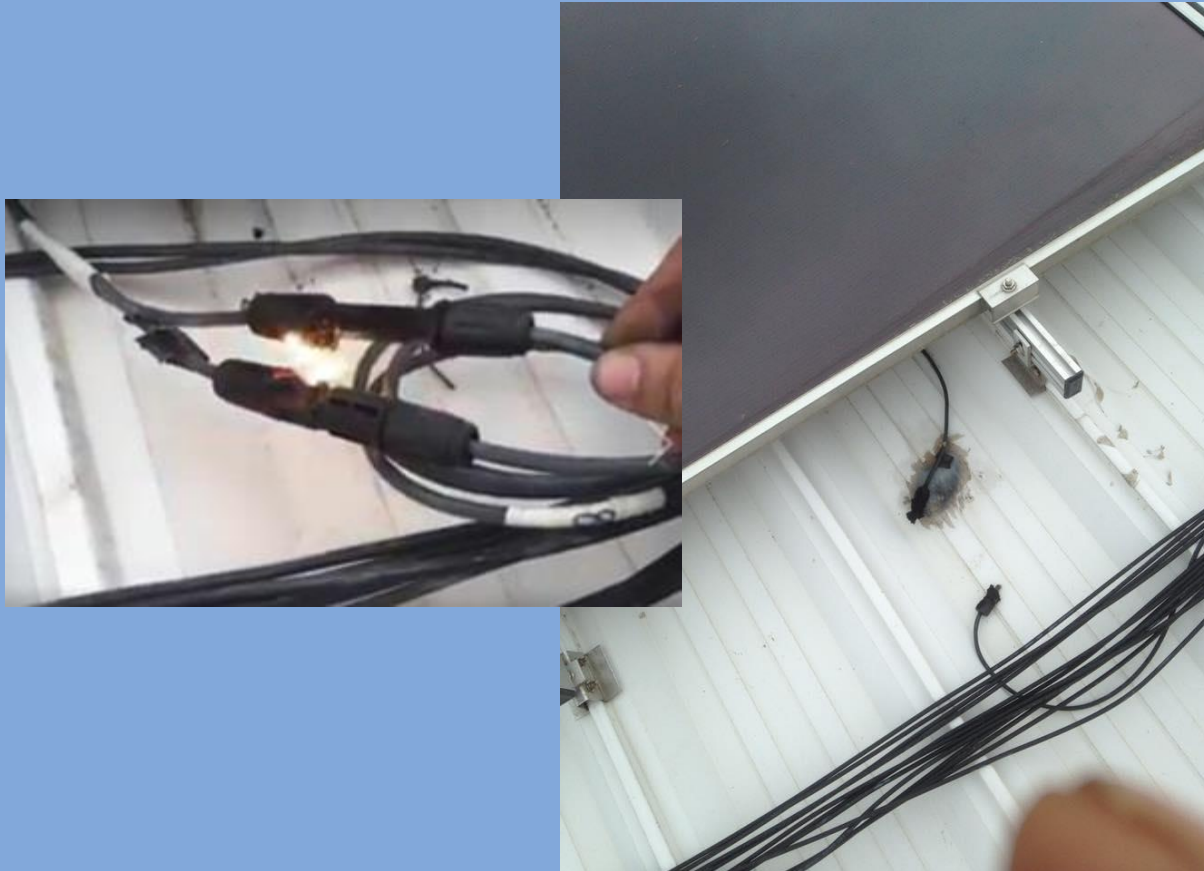
- Scaled PV Trackers are placed in a wind tunnel to observe dynamic effects
- Aeroelastic Instability was observed where tracker did not stay in 0 degree position
- Vortex Shedding of wind leads to Torsional Galloping where wind loads will cause an unbalanced system, leading to the tracker rotating out of 0 degrees
- Sustained Torsional Galloping will lead to Vortex Lock-In, where the tracker rotates in an excited back and forth state
- Torsional Galloping or Vortex Lock-In can result in huge damages to a PV System















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# Learning from 2GW field data analysis:

Specifying the right PV materials to  
achieve maximum solar returns





**Oakland Fu**

**Global Business Development Manager**



# Learning from 2GW Field Data

**Specifying the right PV materials to achieve maximum solar returns**

Oakland Fu

**DuPont Photovoltaic and Advanced Materials**

18 Sept, 2019





# DuPont global field reliability program

- Quantitative analysis: components, materials, age, failure mode
- Post-inspection analytical characterization
- Collaborative: field partners, developers, government labs, universities



**Improved accelerated tests and informed materials selection**

**6.5 M**  
modules

**355**  
Installations

**1.8 GW**  
modules

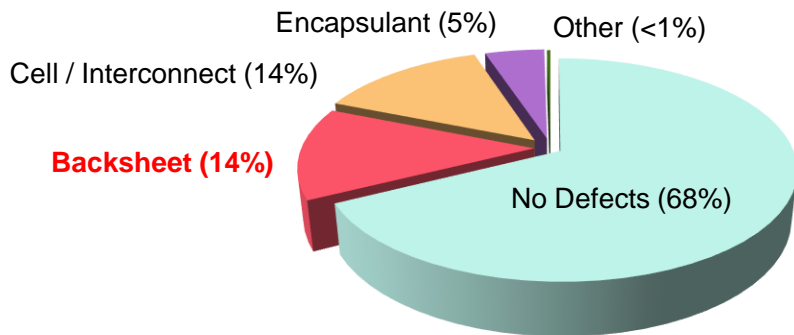




# 2019 Global field data analysis summary

- Nearly **2 GW** of fields inspected
  - Total module defects observed: 34%
  - Total backsheet defects observed: 14%
- Backsheet defects increased by 47% from 2018 analysis
- Cracking constitutes 66% of all backsheet defects

## Module Defect Trends\*



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**Backsheet:** outer layer (air side) and inner layer (cell side) cracking, delamination, yellowing

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**Cell / Interconnect:** corrosion, hot spot, snail trails, broken interconnect, cracks, burn marks

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**Encapsulant:** discoloration, browning, delamination

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**Other:** glass defects, loss of AR coating, junction box

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\* Actual module defects can be higher due to defects not picked up by initial inspection protocol (eg. cell cracking evidenced by subsequent EL or PID test)

# PVDF Field Cracking– Arizona, US

## Case 1 3 MW

Initial year of operation	2011
• Service Time	7 years
• Backsheet	PVDF
• Climatic conditions	Dry, hot and cold
• Mounting configuration	Ground mounted

### Inspection Summary

- PVDF-based backsheets **100% cracked**
- 3 MW of modules had cracked PVDF and were replaced
- Tedlar® PVF backsheets- no defects in the same installation



New replacement modules



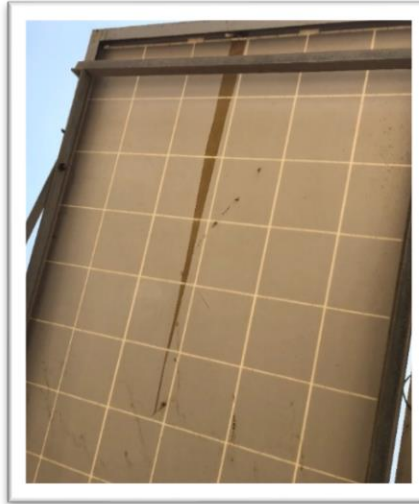
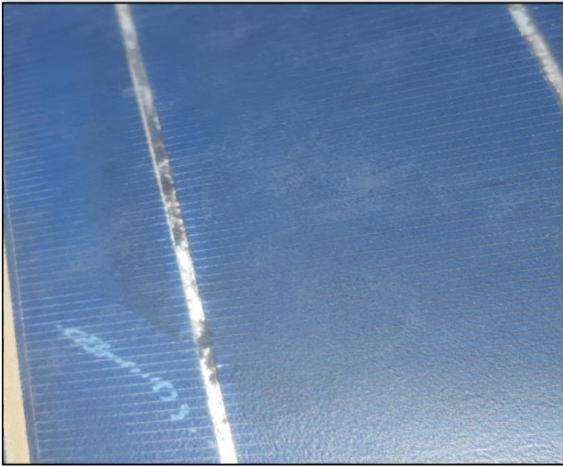
widespread cracking of backsheet outer layer



# PVDF Field Cracking- Northwest India

## Case 2 480 kW

Initial year of operation	Nov 2011
• Service Time	7.5 years
• Backsheet	PVDF
• Climatic conditions	Hot & Arid
• Mounting configuration	Ground mounted



### Inspection Summary

- Outer layer cracking & delamination of 15% of PVDF modules, 480kW affected
- Modules experiencing ground faults and inverter tripping with power loss.
- No issues with modules using Tedlar® PVF-based backsheets

# PA Field Cracking- Arizona, US

## Case 3 12 MW

Initial year of operation: 2011

- Service Time: 7 years
- Backsheet: PA
- Climatic conditions: Dry, hot and cold
- Mounting configuration: Ground mounted

### Inspection Summary

- 100% PA backsheets cracked along busbar ribbons and/or between cells- 12 MW total
- Cracks facilitate interconnect corrosion and present an electrical safety risk
- Ground faults cause interruptions leading to power loss
- Overheating and burning seen.



Significant large scale cracking



Overheating at cracks



Overheating leading to burning

# PA Field Cracking – Northwest India

## Case 4 1.2 MW

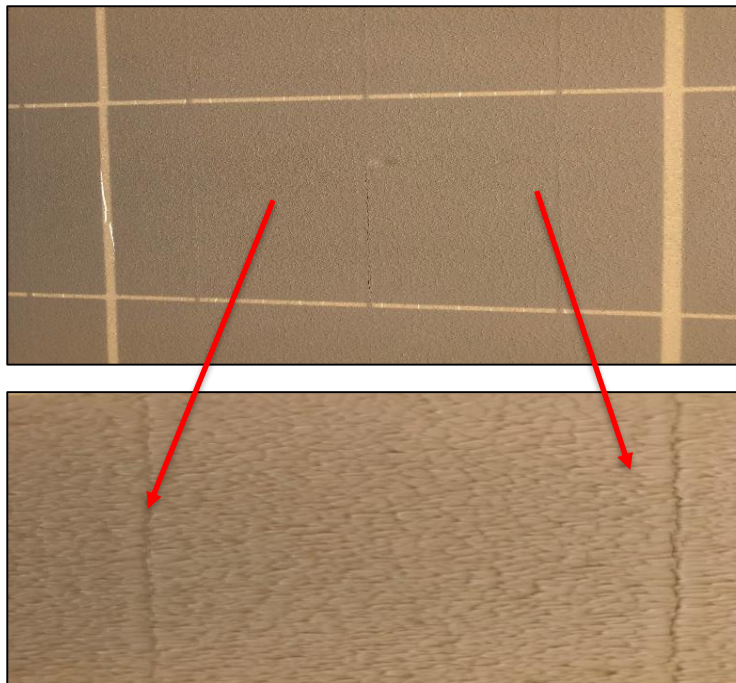
- Initial year of operation Nov 2011
- Service Time 7.5 years
  - Backsheet Polyamide
  - Climatic conditions Hot & Arid
  - Mounting configuration Ground mounted



Cracks extend the length of the module across busbars

### Inspection Summary

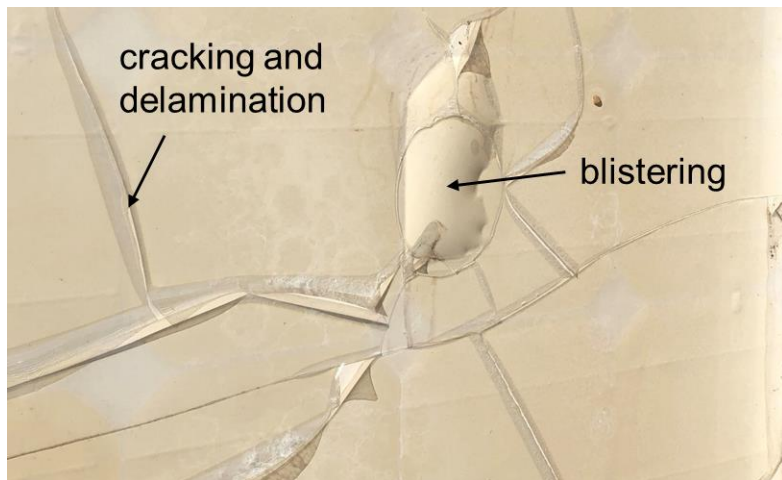
- Cracking of PA backsheets (100% of 1.2MW)
- Ground faults, inverter tripping
- ~4200 modules replaced between 2015 and 2016



# PET Field Cracking- Arizona, US

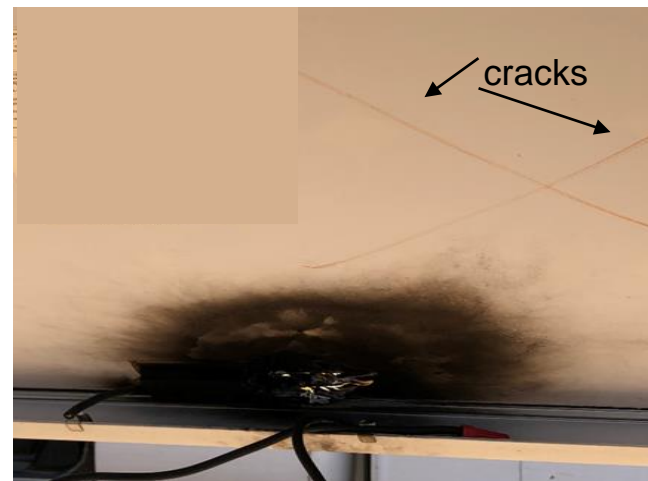
## Case 5 1.8 MW

- Initial year of operation 2003
- Service Time 16 years
  - Backsheet: PET
  - Climatic conditions Seasonal cold/hot and arid
  - Mounting configuration Ground mounted



### Inspection Summary

- 100% of PET-based modules exhibited backsheet degradation: yellowing, cracking, delamination, or all
- 10% of modules exhibited burn marks at busbar solder bonds near the junction box, with some instances of glass shatter and severe charring



Crack over busbar leading to overheating



# FEVE Backsheet Inner Layer Cracking and Corrosion, Arizona, US

## Case 6 100 kW

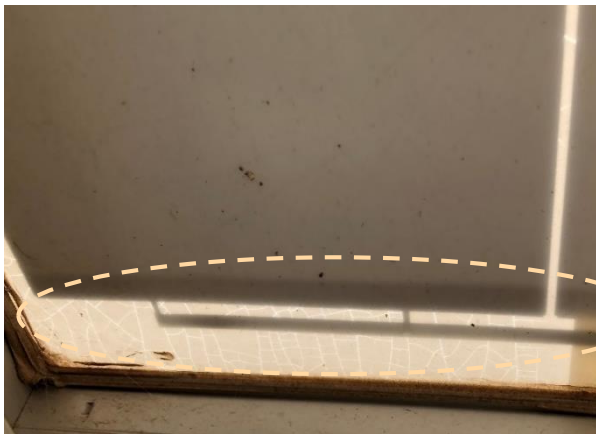
Initial year of operation	2011
• Service Time	8 years
• Backsheet:	FEVE
• Climatic conditions	Hot and Arid
• Mounting configuration	Roof mounted

### Inspection Summary

- Inner layer cracks observed in roof-mounted modules
- Roughly 5% of 2MW cracked, 100kW
- Areas could not be accessed, cracking percentage may be higher
- Crack observed leading into areas of corrosion



Roof mounting



Cracked inner layer



Cracking leading to corrosion



# FEVE backsheet Inner Layer Cracking- India

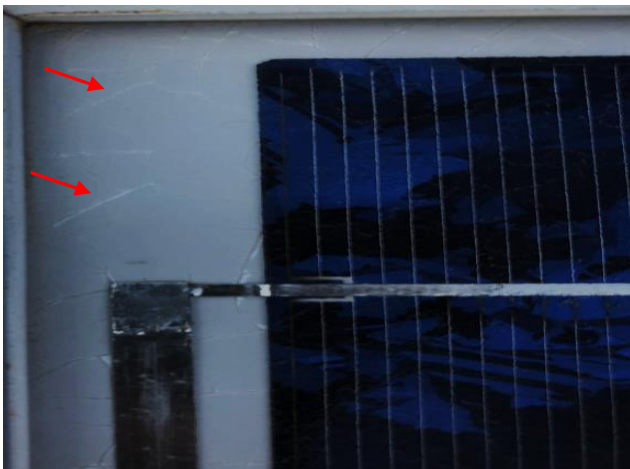
## Case 7 14 MW

### Initial year of operation 2013

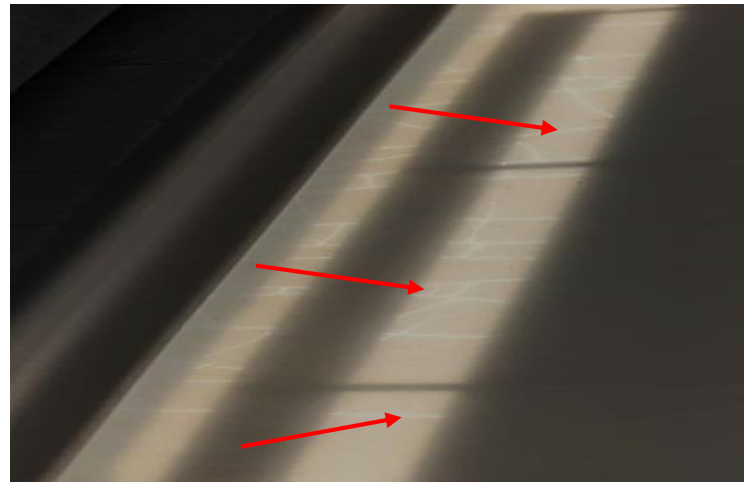
- Service Time 5 years
- Backsheet: FEVE
- Climatic conditions Hot, Dry and Arid
- Mounting configuration Ground mounted

### Inspection Summary

- Cracking of FEVE coated backsheet : ~70% of the inspected modules with FEVE backsheet show inner layer cracking
- inner layer cracked all over module in spaces between cells
- Ground faults and inverter tripping occurred during winter mornings and rains



Backsheet inner layer cracking viewed from front side



Backsheet inner layer cracks are visible when viewed from the front (Illuminate back side)



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# Panel discussion

Made in India modules: setting up manufacturing locally. Practical guidance to ensure quality standards and supply international markets, and addressing opportunities and challenges under current policy frameworks, tariff structures and subsidies





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Senior Manager and Business  
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**Rajaram Pai**

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Technology and Quality  
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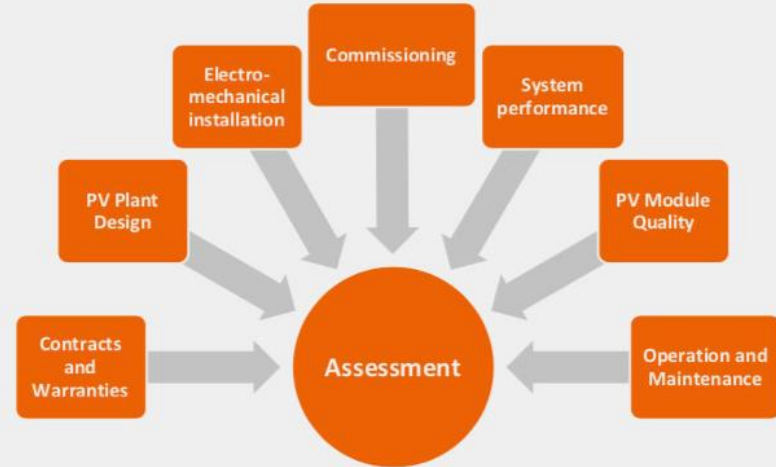
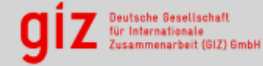


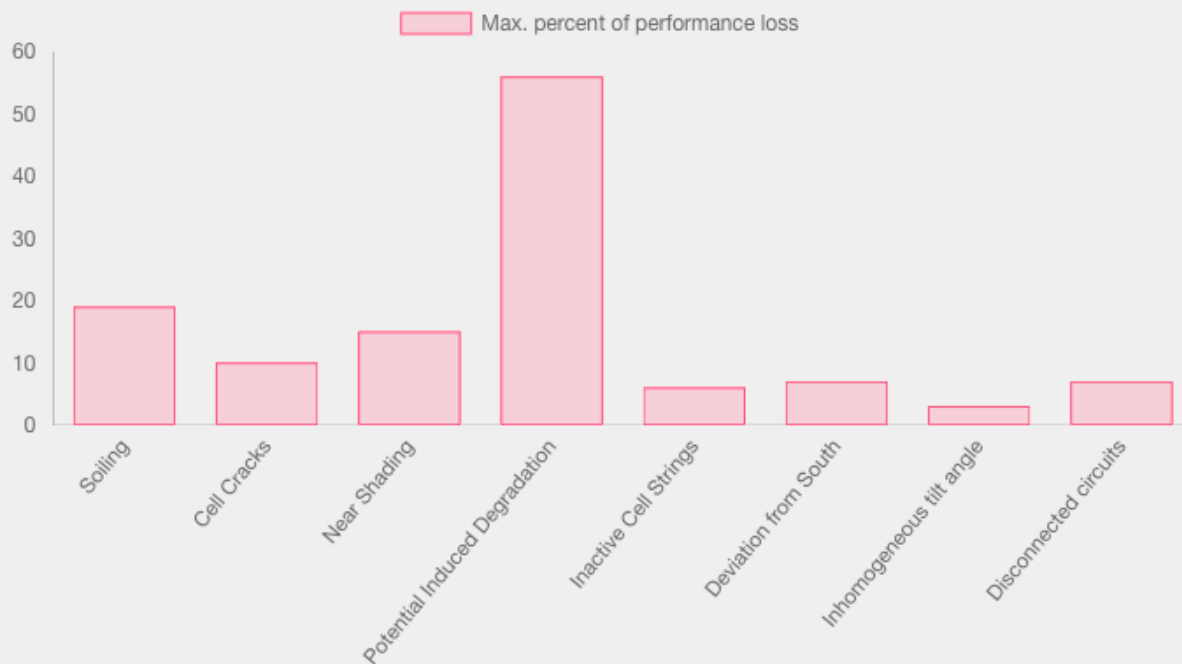
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PV Reliability Group,  
NCPRE, IIT Bombay



IN COOPERATION WITH:







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Technology and Quality  
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# Networking session

4

Service 4.0

Qualität / Standardisierung

- Der digital unterstützte QVSD Anlagencheck umfasst:
- Mobile Nutzbarkeit - plattformunabhängig
  - Individualisierbarkeit durch den Nutzer
  - Strukturierte Erfassung vor Ort
  - Automatisierte Berichte
  - Höchste Daten- & Revisionssicherheit (DSGVO konform)
  - Zentrale Redaktion norm- & gesetzeskonformer Inhalte

Schritt 1: Anlagenzuweisung aus dem Portal



2

Schritt 2: Durchfö



1. Ein digitaler Service-Maßstab Check System
- 1. Ausführung wird einem Mitarbeiter zugewiesen
  - 1. Bearbeitungsstatus ist jederzeit einsehbar



Universell nutzbar - auch für kleine PV-Anlagen  
Die QVSD App setzt Maßstäbe für digitale Service



Schritt 4: Finaler Bericht



CRM / T



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