Faculty of Engineering School of Photovoltaic and Renewable Energy Engineering





LeTID: What is it? What do we know? What's the impact?

All Energy 5th November 2020

Dr. Alison Ciesla



LeTID – What is it?

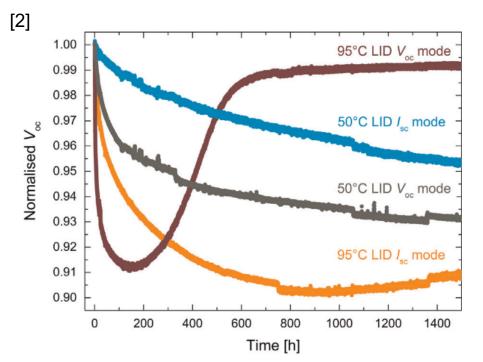
Light- and elevated Temperature-Induced Degradation [1]

An electrical defect that forms under light or heat -> caused by hydrogen

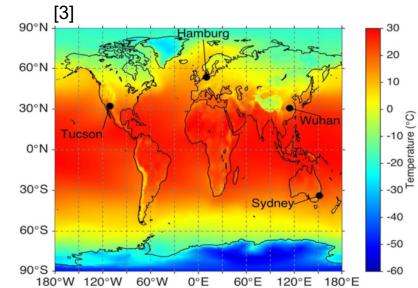
>10% power loss if untreated [2]

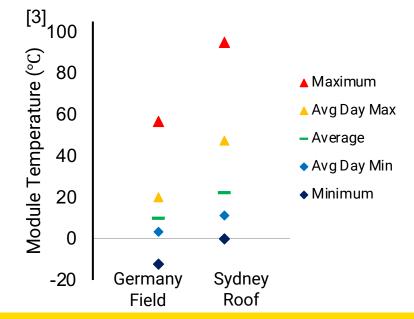
Degrades over several years

Accelerate -> heat + increased electrical carriers (light/voltage/current)



[1] F. Kersten *et al. IEEE 42nd PVSC* (2015) 1–5
[2] F. Kersten et al., Sol. Energy Mater. Sol. Cells 142 (2015) 83–86.
[3] A. M. Ciesla *et al.*, *IEEE J. Photovoltaics*. **10**, 28–40 (2020)



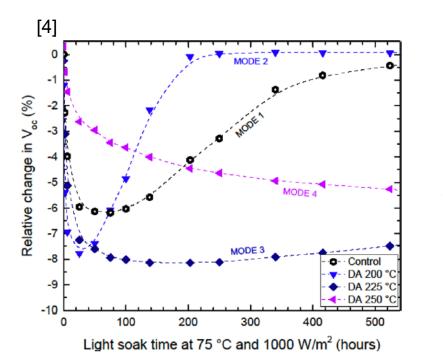




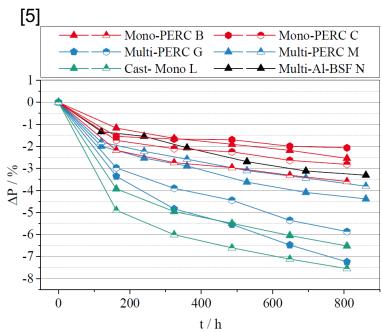
What do we know?

It is highly variable!

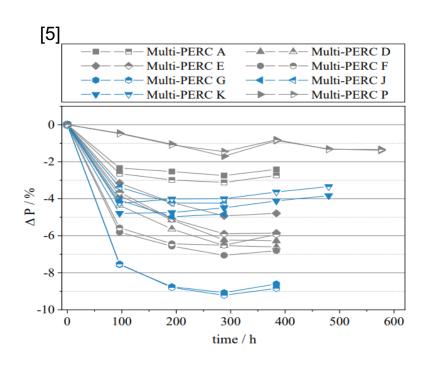
Different thermal history



Different wafer or technology

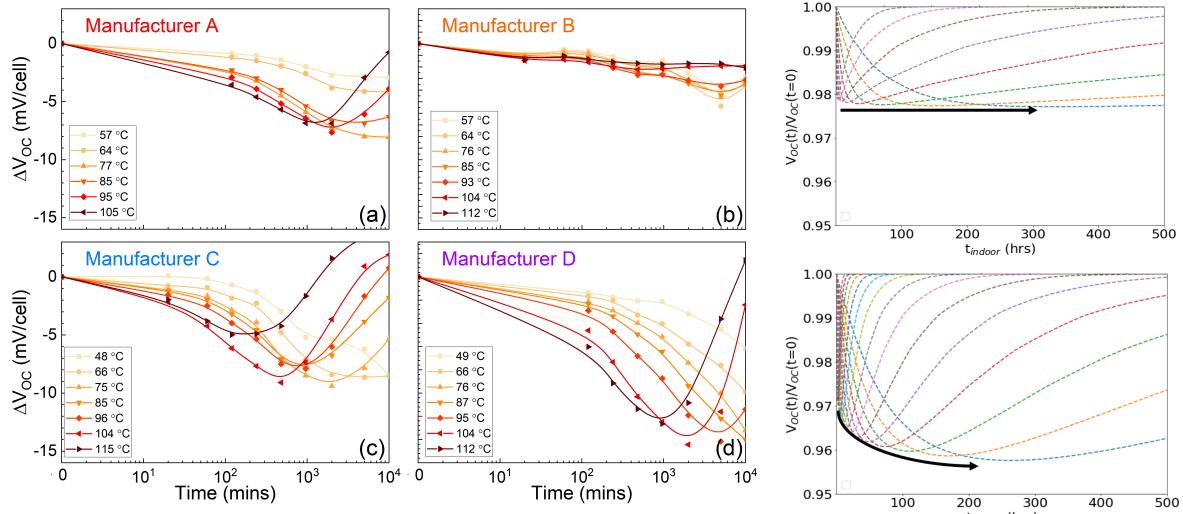


Same wafer and technology



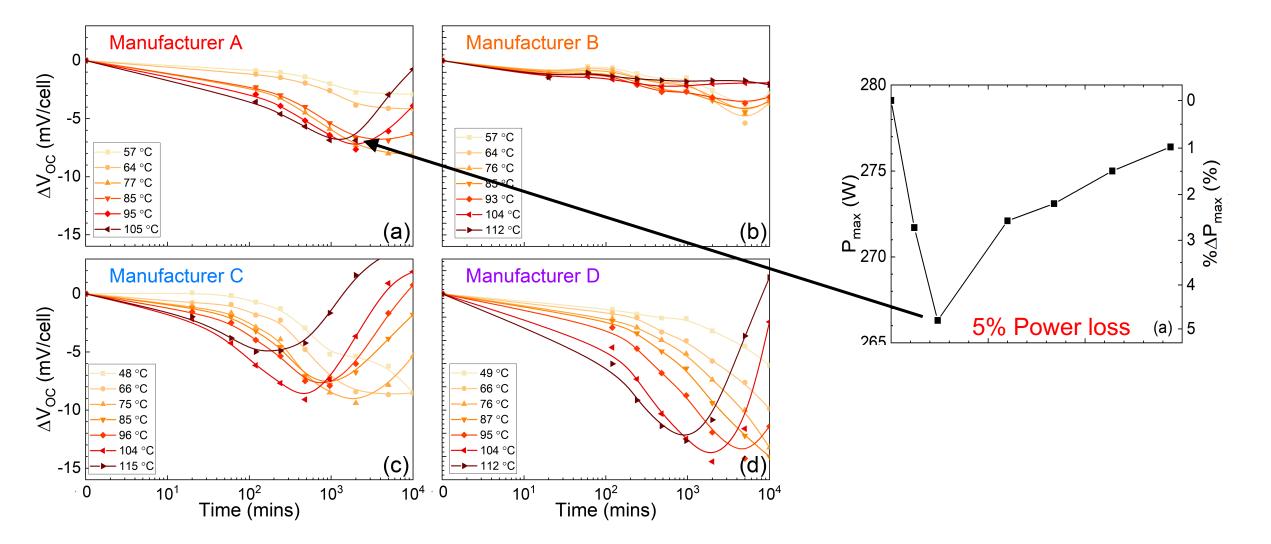


Variability due to different conditions





Variability due to different conditions



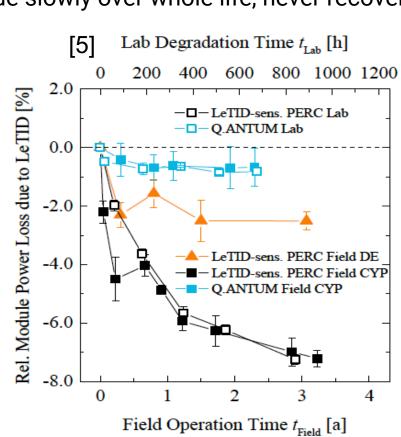


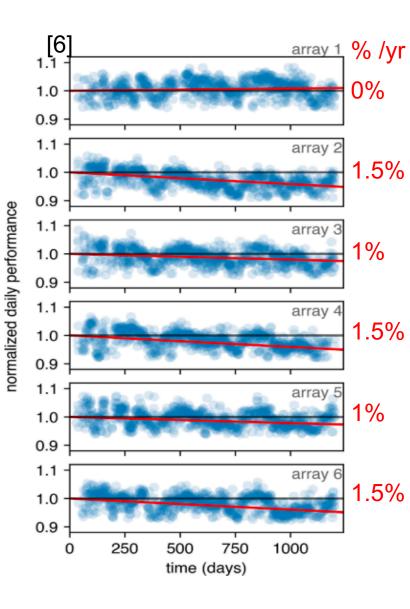
What impact will we see in the field?

Power loss: Current, Voltage, Fill Factor are all affected

Sub-tropical (~QLD): maximum degradation ~5-6 yrs. [5] Cool/temperate (~TAS): may degrade slowly over whole life, never recover

Mid-Atlantic USA (sub-tropical) [6] 6 arrays: same model 5 out of 6 degrade at 1-1.5% p.a.





[5] F. Kersten et al., in Energy Procedia, vol. 124, pp. 540–546 (2017).
[6] M. G. Deceglie et al., IEEE J. Photovoltaics. 10, 1084–1092 (2020).

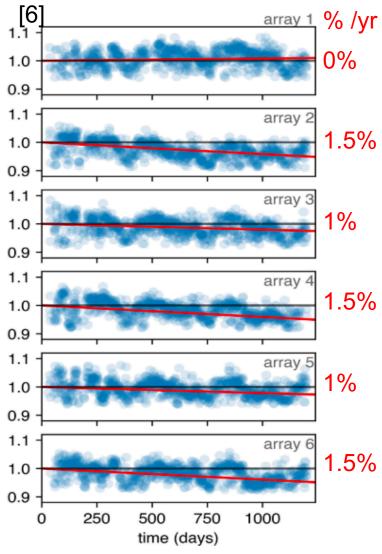


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dally performance 1.1 Simulated LeTID impact on module yield [/] Mid-Atlantic USA (sub-tropical) [6] 2.0% 1.0 0.9 6 arrays: same model 1.0% 1.1 normalized 5 out of 6 degrade at 1-1.5% p.a. 1.0 0.0% 🕻 Yield variation ---- Bordeaux 0.9 -A-Campeche 1.1 -1.0% **Testing** - Al Madinah 1.0 IEC 61215 (modules) -2.0% 0.9 1.1 IEC 63202 (cells) -3.0% 1.0 0.9 -4.0% UNSW module capabilities: 20 15 25 30 10 Year



array

New Eternal Sun climate chamber with integrated I-V

[5] F. Kersten et al., in Energy Procedia, vol. 124, pp. 540–546 (2017). [6] M. G. Deceglie et al., IEEE J. Photovoltaics. 10, 1084–1092 (2020).

[7] J. Dupuis et al., Prog. Photovoltaics Res. Appl., 1–11 (2020)



Thank You



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