# Implementing a European solar supply chain

#### **Roundtables Europe 2022**



Žygimantas Vaičiūnas, Policy Director

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### SUPPLY CHALLENGE: small actual PV manufacturing capacities will negatively impact further developments in the EU

Despite our high Green Deal ambitions, drastically increasing PV installations, geopolitical challenges and EU fight for energy independence we are demonstrating very low capacities on PV manufacturing. In Europe we produced (in 2020):

• 11 % of the PV silicon 22.1 GW production capacity (REC Solar Norway, Wacker)

• 1% of solar wafers 1.25 GW production capacity (Norsun, Norwegian Crystals, EDF Photowatt)

• 0.4 % of cells 0.65 GW production capacity (Solitek/Valoe, Enel, Ecosolifer)

• 3 % of modules 6.75 GW production capacity (at 29 different companies)

	2016 [kUS\$]	2017 [kUS\$]	2018 [kUS\$]	2019 [kUS\$]	2020 [kUS\$]
Extraeuropean import	6 330 809	6 435 484	8 105 619	10 487 288	10 516 755
Extraeuropean export	1 701 633	1 641 939	1 725 089	1 565 484	1775 708
Trade deficit	4 629 176	4 793 545	6 380 530	8 921 804	8 741 047

Table 1. The total value of traded Photosensitive semi-conductor devices, including photovoltaic cells whether assembled in modules or made up into panels; Light emitting diodes with European countries from 2016 to 2020. Source: ESMC.

Current PV trade deficit could increase from € 7.9 billion to € 15-20 billion annually in case the appropriate measures will not be implemented to reestablish PV manufacturing industry in the EU.



How to turn the growing actual European PV manufacturing capacities into socioeconomic benefits of large-scale PV manufacturing along the entire value chain?

Large investments to R&D&I (2014-2027)

Critical
mass of PV
manufac.
capacities
not yet
established

Moderate
polysilicon,
small
wafers, cells
and glass
production

35 GW manufac. cap. by 2025 100 GW manufac. cap. by 2030

Financial capital cost & operational cost

EU strategic autonomy &tech. sovereignty (2021-2022)

Large demand & specific needs (2021-2022)



# FINANCING OPTIONS AND FUTURE POTENTIAL TO EMPOWER PV MANUFACTURING IN EUROPE

#### **Innovation Fund**

- Doubling the financial package after RePowerEU
- € 3 billion call in autumn

## Recovery and Resilience Facility

- € 26 billion under RePowerEU for PV deployment
- € 500 million already foreseen for PV manufacturing
- Member States decisions after RePowerEU

#### **PV-IPCEI**

- € 1 billion financing gap already identified
- € 1-2 billion financing gap for the future projects

### Solar PV Industry Alliance

• "The alliance will map the availability of financial support, attract private investment and facilitate the dialogue and match-making between producers and offtakers"



#### 6 Projects – 50 companies – 14 EU countries

No.

4.

5.

6.

**Project Title** 

**Circular PV production** 

**ISC KONSTANZ:** 

**GW** scale

1.	MCPV: Industrializing heterojunction cell and module technology to the Gigawatt scale	Establish within the next 7 years, 15 Gigawatt (GW) of PV cell and module manufacturing in Europe, on the basis of the highly efficient Heterojunction Technology (HJT). The first stage of the project will be the implementation of innovative HJT PV cell and module manufacturing pilot lines during 2022, ramping up cell manufacturing to 15 GW in NRW under the MCPV project by 2027.
2.	GIGA PV: Manufacturing of TOPCon PV	Extend the European PV value chain by local manufacturing of silver paste and novel PV cells. The innovation will focus on reduction of cost of silver contacts on silicon

cells and silver paste TOPCon cells, without compromising the advantages of the technology. 3. **OXFORD PV:** To bring Tandem Silicon-Perovskite PV technology at industrial maturity and Gigawatt scale production establishing a production of 3 GW of PV cells and modules in Europe. **Industrializing Tandem PV** Tandem technology will allow to overcome Silicon cell power efficiency conversion technology to the Gigawatt scale exceeding 30% and to lower Levelized Cost of Energy.

Develop and establish large-scale Europe based production of innovative integrated **SOLITEK:** PV solutions. For applications in buildings (BIPV), infrastructure (IIPV), vehicles (VIPV) **PV** integrated solutions and agriculture (Agro-PV). **REC SOLAR:** 

To ensure that PV would be the best-in-class of environmental technologies on sustainability by minimizing the environmental impact from PV manufacturing and end-of-life.

**Project Targets** 

To create European R&D experience for n-type bifacial PV ingot, wafer, cell and module technology and to develop it to the industrial GW scale. Industrializing IBC technology to







solutions

and module



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### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

