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Utility-scale PV and string inverter market trends



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pv magazine
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Utility-scale PV and string inverter market trends

Welcome!

Do you have any questions? ? 

Send them in via the Q&A tab.  We aim to answer as many as we can today!

You can also let us know of any tech problems there.

We are recording this webinar today. 

We'll let you know by email where to find it and the slide deck, so you can re-watch it at your convenience.  

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Welcome



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Mark Hutchins

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Market analysis and future trend of Europe PV industry



Ryan Alexander

Research lead
Aurora Energy Research

Macro trends in European Solar PV investment

March 2023



I. European policy environment for solar PV

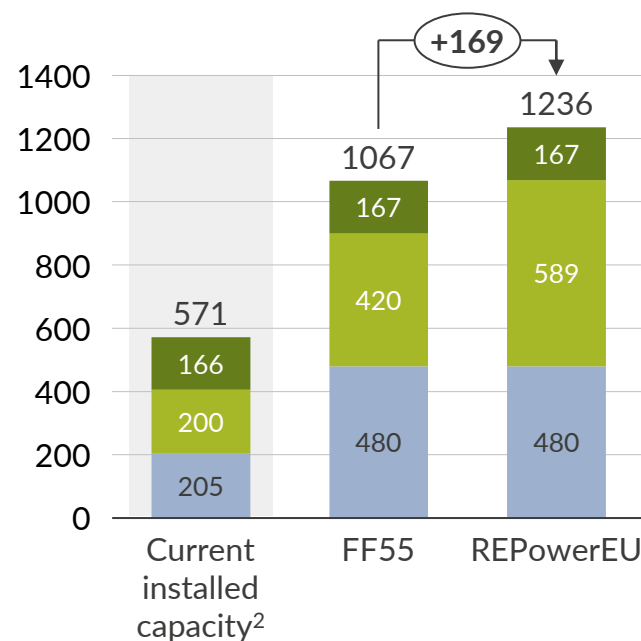
1. RePowerEU targets and implications for build out rates
2. EU Solar Energy Strategy

II. Revenue models for solar PV

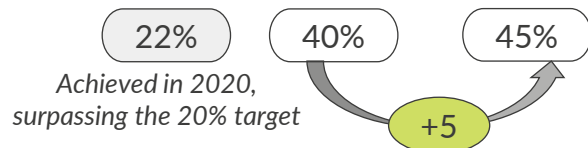
1. Government support schemes
2. PPA supply/demand balance by market
3. Solar PV capture prices by market

The Commission has proposed to increase the EU renewables target to 1236 GW of capacity by 2030, requiring 3x faster deployment

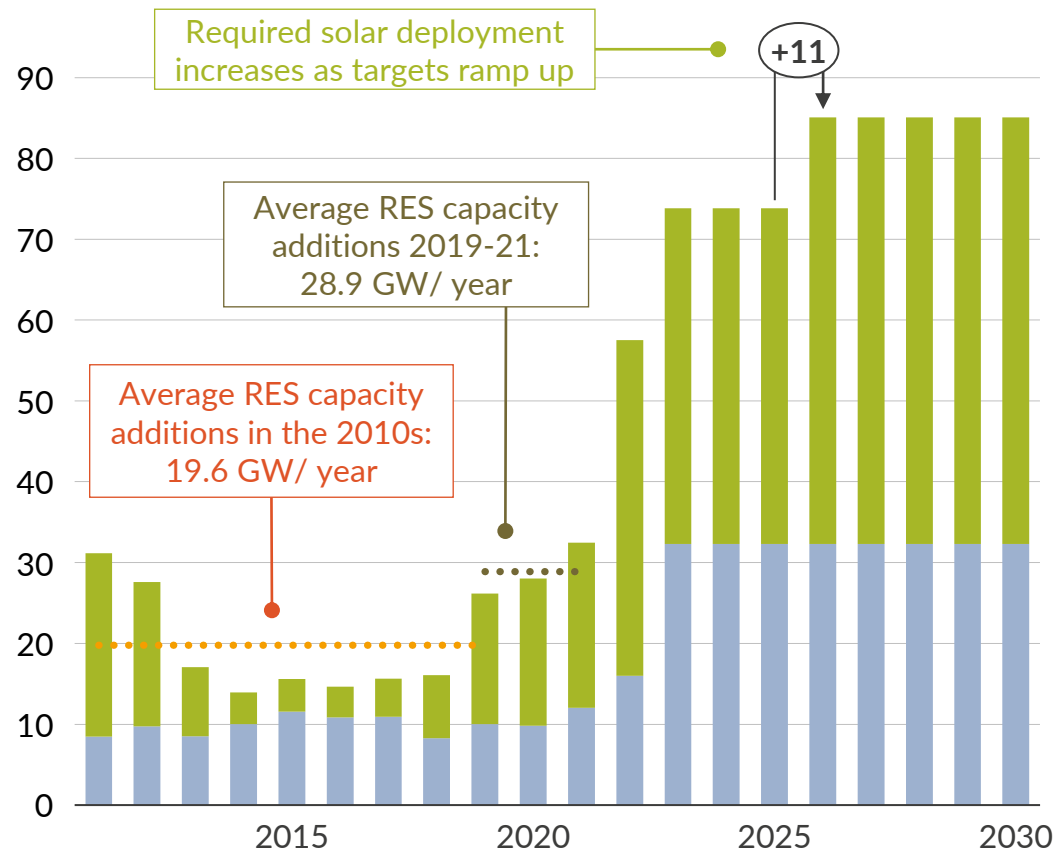
Target installed RES capacities by 2030¹
GW



Target RES share of final energy consumption
%



Wind and solar capacity commissioned per year¹
GW



•• Avg build rate (2011-2019) •• Avg build rate (2019-2021)

- The 'Fit for 55' (FF55) package targeted 1067GW RES capacity by 2030 including 480 GW of wind and 420 GW of solar
- The REPowerEU plan adds a further 169 GW, raising the target to 1236 GW by 2030 with a focus on solar PV, aiming for 320 GW by 2025 and almost 600 GW by 2030
- 42 GW of solar would need to be deployed annually until 2025, rising to 53 GW from 2026 onwards while 32 GW of wind would need to be deployed annually to 2030
- These represent a cumulative average of 80 GW required annually, 4x faster than average build rate over the last 10 years
- To support deployment of these capacities, the Commission also presents the *EU solar strategy* and *European Solar Rooftop Initiative* and plans to speed up permitting and innovation

1) Shown for EU-27 only. 2) As at the end of 2021. 3) Other RES includes hydro and biomass.

The EU Solar Energy Strategy outlines a comprehensive vision to rapidly deploy solar energy

The EU Solar Energy Strategy outlines a comprehensive vision to swiftly reap the benefits of solar energy, and presents four initiatives to overcome key challenges faced.



European Solar Rooftops Initiative

- Aims at unlocking the vast, underutilised solar generation potential of rooftops which could provide almost 25% of the EU's electricity consumption
- Permitting for all rooftop solar installations will be limited to a maximum of 3 months
- Provisions will be made to ensure that all new buildings are “solar ready” and installation of rooftop PV made compulsory for:
 - i. All new public and commercial buildings by 2026
 - ii. All existing public and commercial buildings by 2027
 - iii. All new residential buildings by 2029



Faster and simpler permitting procedures

- The Commission presents a Recommendation on permitting to hasten and simplify the procedures
- Ensure RES assets qualify for the best procedures available and are deemed of public interest & safety
- Establish clearly defined, fast and as short as possible deadlines for all the permitting steps
- Establish binding maximum deadlines for all relevant stages of the EIA procedure
- Create a single unified application process for the entire permitting and granting process
- Allow applicants to update the technology specifications through the process to facilitate the uptake of innovative technologies



Availability of abundant skilled workforce

- Aims at ensuring the availability of an abundant skilled workforce to face up the challenge of producing and deploying solar energy all across the EU
- Member States are encouraged to analyse the skills gap in the solar energy sector and develop training programmes fit for purpose, taking into account the potential to increase women's participation
- At EU level, as part of REPowerEU plan, the Commission will bring together the relevant stakeholders in the renewable energy sector, to set up an EU large-scale skills partnership for onshore renewable energy, including solar energy, under the Pact for Skills.



European Solar PV Industry Alliance

- Aims to secure diversity of supplies through more diverse imports and scaled up solar PV manufacturing in the EU of innovative and sustainable solar PVs to mitigate potential supply risks
- The alliance will include a research and innovation pillar with strong links to Horizon Europe and at EU level:
 - InvestEU can provide de-risked financing to private investments
 - Innovation Fund can channel funding towards innovative zero and low-carbon equipment
 - Recovery and resilience and Cohesion policy funds to support relevant projects

I. European policy environment for solar PV

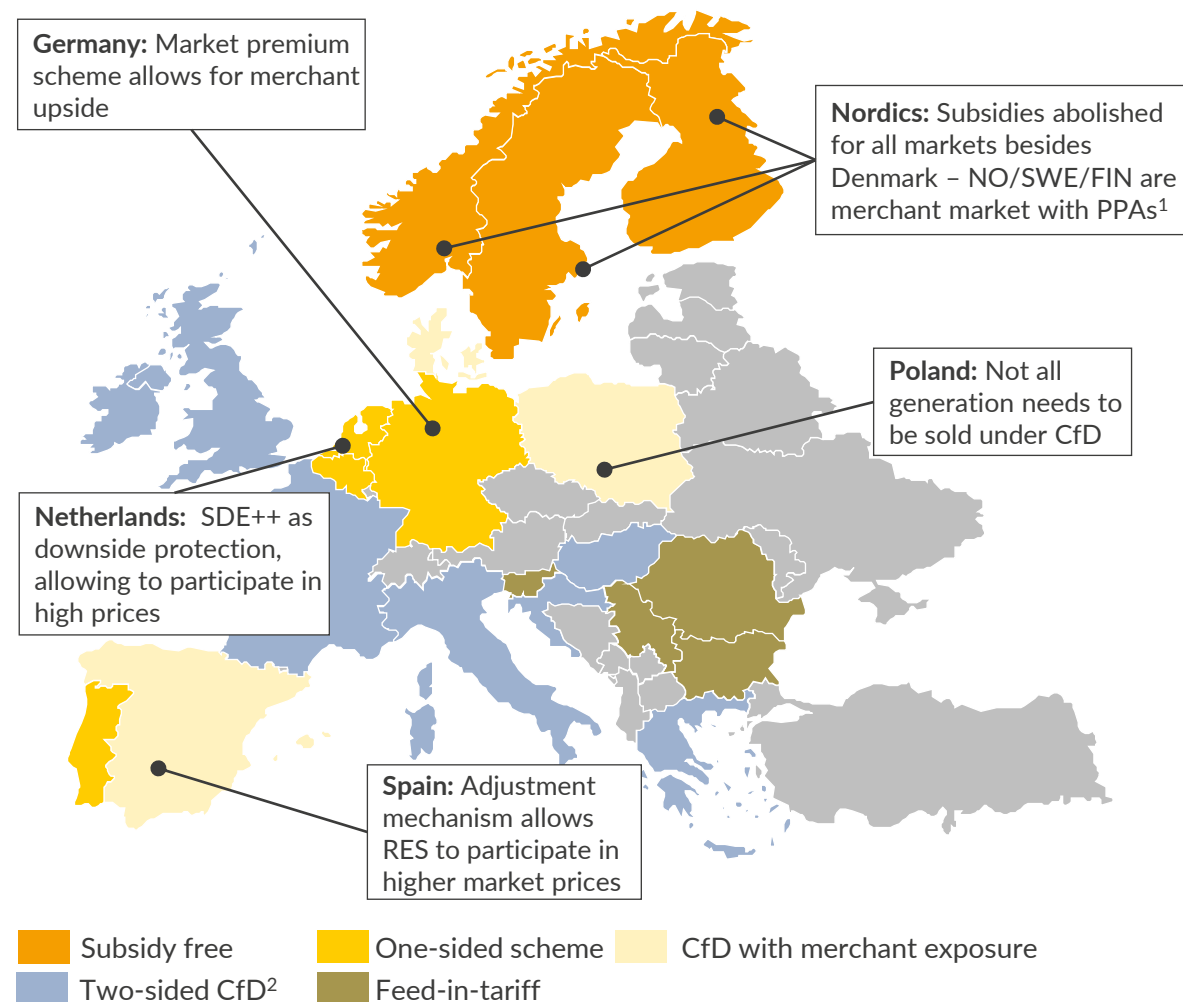
1. RePowerEU targets and implications for build out rates
2. EU Solar Energy Strategy

II. Revenue models for solar PV

1. Government support schemes
2. PPA supply/demand balance by market
3. Solar PV capture prices by market

Government support schemes are still the biggest driver of solar build-out across most of Europe, with varying degrees of merchant exposure

Renewable support schemes: Some markets allow for merchant exposure



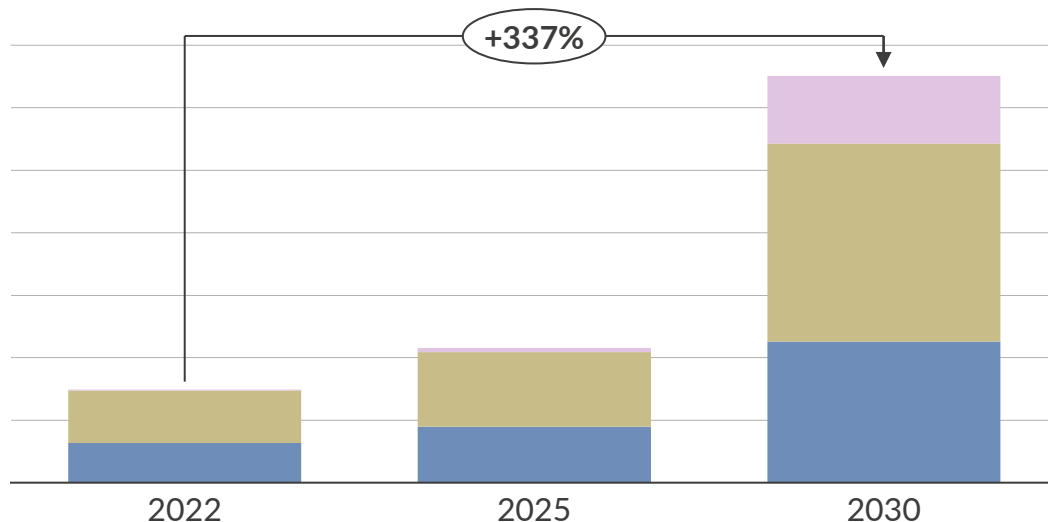
Impact of European Power Market reform discussion on merchant exposure

- If CfDs were rolled out as the default renewable subsidy scheme for new assets, this would especially affect developers in markets where the current instrument allows for merchant upsides
 - For instance, in Germany and the Netherlands support schemes serves as downside protection, but allows developers benefitting from price peaks, which was historically meant to foster market integration of renewables
 - Yet, CfDs could help developers reduce commercial risks around covering their levelised costs, bringing down financing cost
 - Stronger reliance on CfDs could challenge the uptake of PPAs, as CfDs eliminate counterparty risk and could crowd out PPA supply
- Imposing CfDs on existing assets (those not covered by PPAs, e.g. post-subsidy assets) would be an even stronger challenge to merchant business models
- Credit guarantees could make the PPA market more navigable for developers, reducing offtaker risk and allowing them to access smaller offtaker segments
- Should the majority of (renewable) developers be covered by CfDs or PPAs, an additional revenue cap will not be necessary for these technologies

1) Except for offshore. In Denmark, an innovative two-sided CfD exists. 2) France allows up to 18 months merchant window before entering into two-sided CfD contract.

Rising PPA demand from utilities & corporates provides an opportunity for new build renewables to secure stable revenues

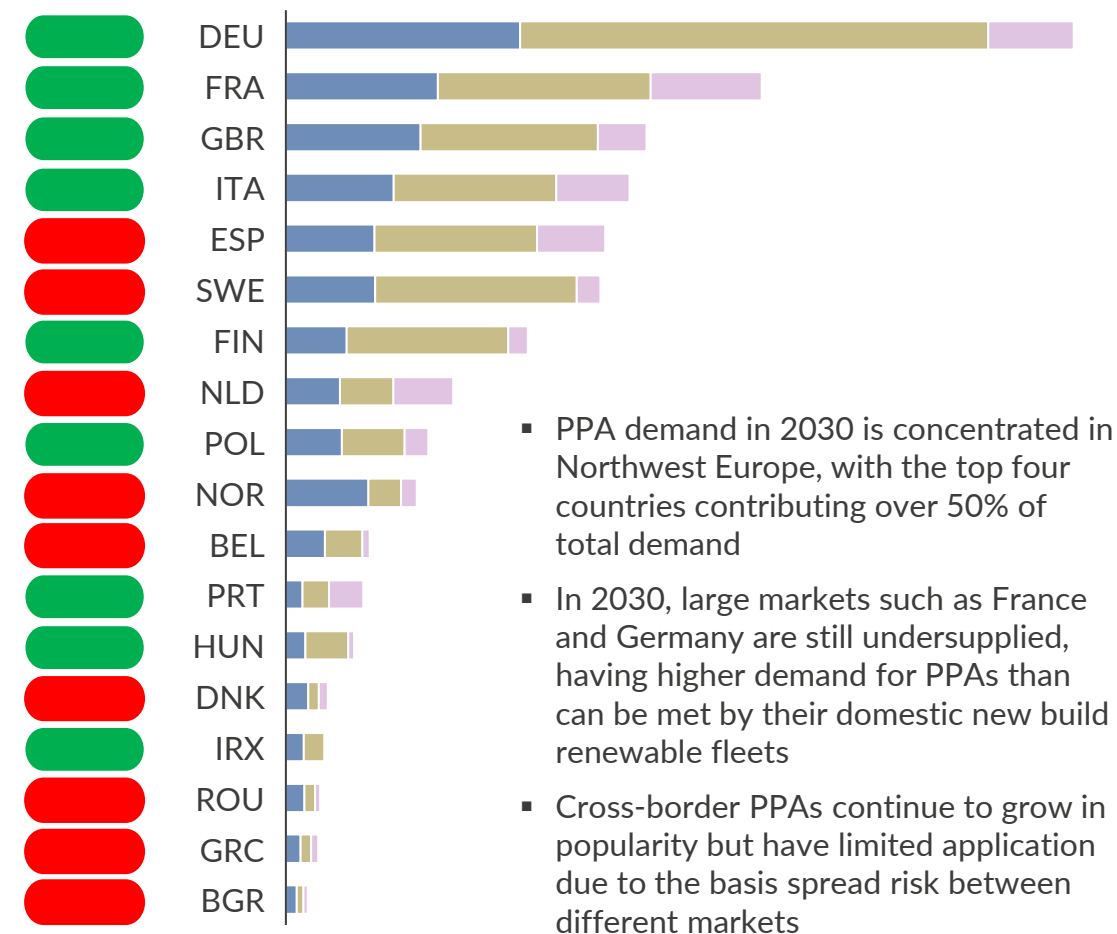
New build renewables PPA demand in Europe¹
TWh



- PPA demand today is derived from Aurora's own PPA database, while future demand is estimated based on Aurora's forecast of sectoral power demand growth combined with assumptions around the share of each sector that will require a PPA and have the necessary creditworthiness ratings
- PPA demand is expected to quadruple over the next decade, driven by Europe's strengthening decarbonisation targets and an increasingly discerning green consumer base

Detailed country data available in Aurora's European PPA Report (available in June).

New build renewables PPA demand in 2030*
TWh



- PPA demand in 2030 is concentrated in Northwest Europe, with the top four countries contributing over 50% of total demand
- In 2030, large markets such as France and Germany are still undersupplied, having higher demand for PPAs than can be met by their domestic new build renewable fleets
- Cross-border PPAs continue to grow in popularity but have limited application due to the basis spread risk between different markets




Electrolyser Utility Corporate Oversupplied Undersupplied

1) Across Aurora's 18 modelled countries in Europe. Electrolyser demand estimated based on country targets.

The generation mix and load factors affect baseload market prices and capture price discounts across Europe

Average baseload price (2025 – 2040)*
EUR/MWh (real 2021), Central scenario

Legend

-  EUR <60/MWh
-  EUR 60-80/MWh
-  EUR >80/MWh

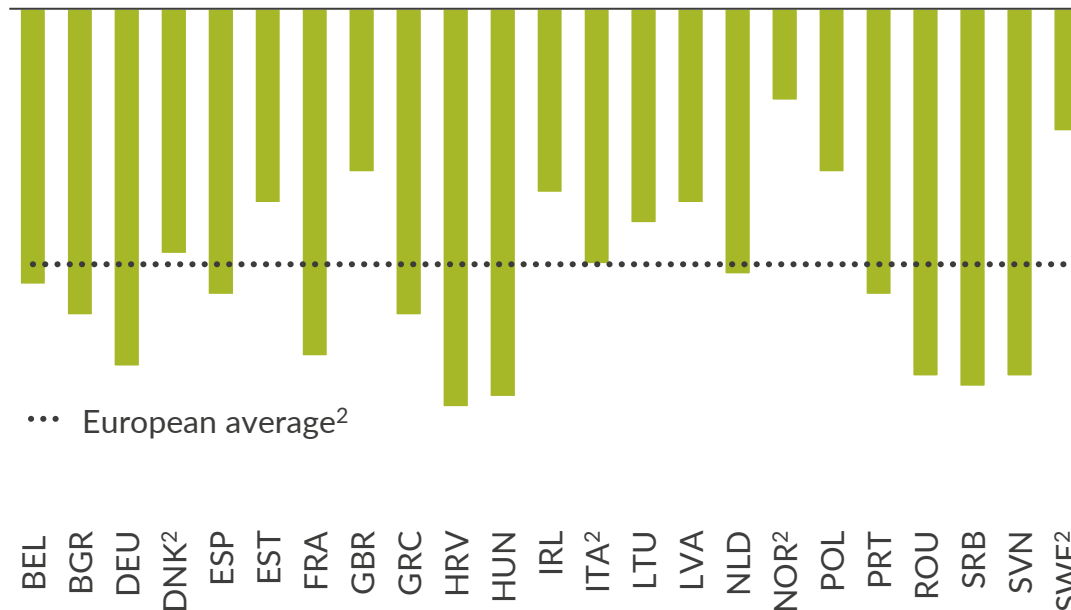
High level of hydropower generation depresses power prices in the Nordics, lowering capture price revenues available for renewables

Most countries in Western Europe see average baseload prices between EUR 60-80/MWh, largely driven by the marginal cost of gas plants

Higher levels of thermal generation expose regions in South-east Europe to increasing carbon prices, putting upwards pressure on power prices and therefore renewable capture prices

Detailed country data available in Aurora's Power and Renewables Market subscriptions.

Solar capture price¹ discount to baseload price in 2030*
%, Central scenario



- Due to the high correlation of solar generation, solar capture prices see a significant discount to baseload prices by 2030 across most of Europe
- The capture price discount is the highest in countries with relatively high shares of solar generation combined with high levels of thermal generation, leading to higher rates of cannibalisation (e.g. South-Eastern Europe)

1) Using capture prices assuming no economic curtailment i.e. plants continue to generate during negative price periods 2) Average across price zones 3) Average across Aurora's 24 modelled countries in Europe

European Solar Market Attractiveness report: Assisting you with market entry and pre-feasibility activities in 24 European markets

European Solar Market Attractiveness report offerings

Outline of the European Solar Report

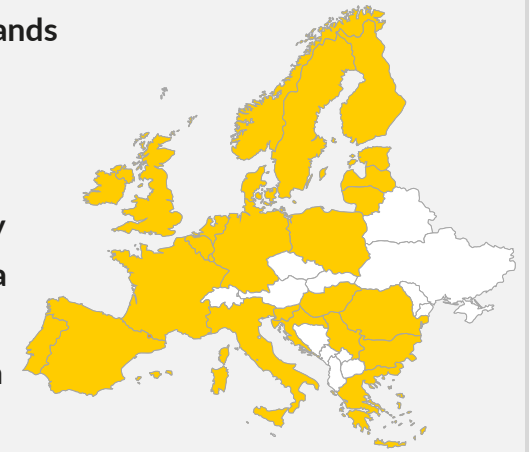
- ✓ **Overview of 18 European power markets and the economics of utility-scale solar PV**
- ✓ **Forecasts of major trends important to opportunity for solar** including demand growth, commodities, hydrogen
- ✓ **Market attractiveness overview** of market and policy indicators (inc. strength of subsidy schemes, permitting risk, grid connection costs/ease, locational signals, attractiveness for co-location)
- ✓ **Market sizing** including total demand, solar capacity growth and solar capacity growth under Net Zero-aligned policies, by country
- ✓ **Power Purchase Agreement** market sizing and supply/demand balance by country
- ✓ **Heatmaps** taking into account forecasted baseload prices and solar capture prices to quickly see the best market opportunities
- ✓ **Summary of key policies & subsidy schemes** by country and their differences for utility-scale solar PV
- ✓ **Forecasted returns for utility-scale solar PV** for fully merchant commercial operation starting in 2025 and 2030
- ✓ **Summary of renewables investment trends** to have a view of which markets capital is being allocated to
- ✓ **One one hour call with our European research team** to discuss the report

Changes since prior year report

- ✓ Updated rankings based on 2023 fundamentally-modelled price forecasts with commentary on year-on-year changes
- ✓ **(new!)** Attractiveness of co-location business models across markets
- ✓ **(new!)** Analysis of locational signals within markets
- ✓ **(new!)** Analysis of behind-the-meter solar PV

Supported by fundamental modelling in 24 European markets

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| – Baltics (Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania) | – Netherlands |
| – Croatia | – Italy |
| – GB | – Belgium |
| – I-SEM | – Greece |
| – Germany | – Hungary |
| – France | – Romania |
| – Iberia (Portugal, Spain) | – Bulgaria |
| – Poland | – Slovenia |
| – Nordics (Denmark, Finland, Norway, Sweden) | – Serbia |



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Best Practices for Module Technologies and Applications



Peijun Shen

Senior Manager Product Marketing
LONGI

Customer-driven Value Creation

Best Practices for Module Technologies and Applications

The World Leading Solar Technology Company

Hi-MO 5
100MW

Utility Scale Solar Power Plant
Huanglong County, Yan'an, Shaanxi Province, China

Milestones of LONGi

Each milestone has become a key force to promote the development of the industry

2000

The beginning

The era of semiconductor technology accumulation

2000

LONGi was established

2005

Formation of annual production capacity of 30 tons silicon ingot

2005

Technological revolution

The era of technological revolution in the monocrystalline silicon wafers

2012

A-share market listing

2014

World's **No.1 in production of monocrystalline silicon wafer**

- RCz Ingot pulling
- Diamond Wire Slicing Technology
- M1/M2 Silicon standard

2014

Industrial upgrading

The era of promoting monocrystalline back to the mainstream

2015

Entered solar cell and module market

World's No.1 in shipment of monocrystalline module

2018

The world's most valuable PV manufacturer

- PERC Trend
- LIR Technology
- Bifacial Technology

2019

Energy transformation

The era of utilizing solar technology to change the earth

2019

Certified the low carbon footprint by CERTISOLIS

Set another standard for ultra high efficiency module

- M6 Silicon Wafer Standard

2020

Set a brand new industry standard

- M10 Silicon Wafer Standard

2021

2021

LONGi established the Hydrogen BU

LONGi Lifecycle Quality

- Product lifecycle quality management

LONGi broke three more world records for solar cell efficiency

- N-type TOPCon Solar Cell Efficiency
- P-type TOPCon Solar Cell Efficiency
- HJT Solar Cell Efficiency

2022

Solar for solar, Solar for all

Everyone should be able to benefit from clean energy

2022

LONGi introduced the Hi-MO 6, its first module designed exclusively for the global distributed consumer market.

- LONGi's high-efficiency HPBC cell technology

70GW+

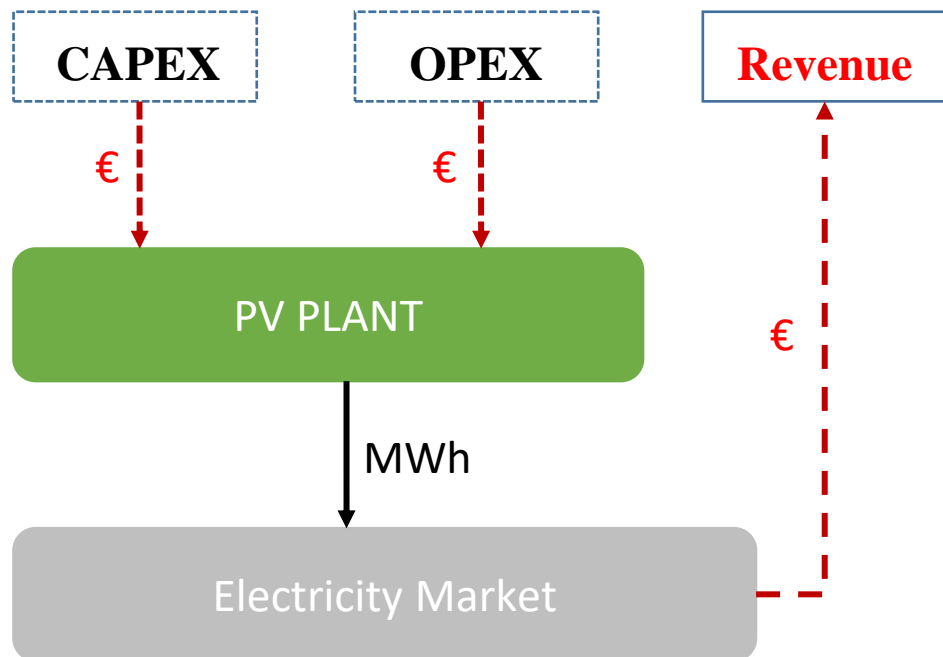
Wafer Shipment
(2021)

38.52GW

Module Shipment
(2021)

How do we think on the 'Best Practice'

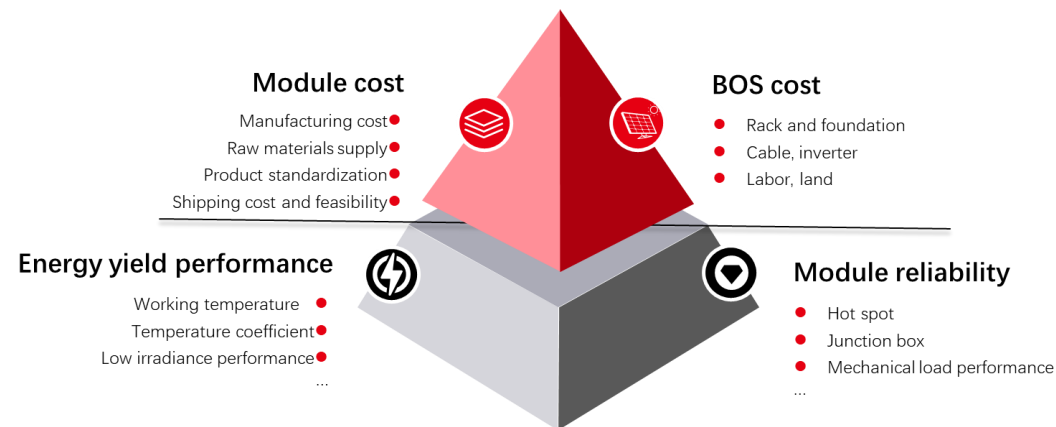
In the Eyes of Investor, the Plant is an Investment



So, LCOE is the anchor for 'best practice'

$$\text{LCOE} = \frac{\text{Capital Cost} + \text{Operating Cost of asset}}{\text{Generated Energy (kWh)}}$$

Module is the most important component in system to drive the LCOE down.

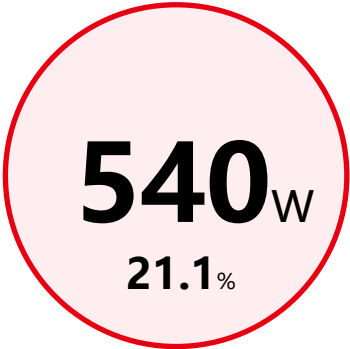




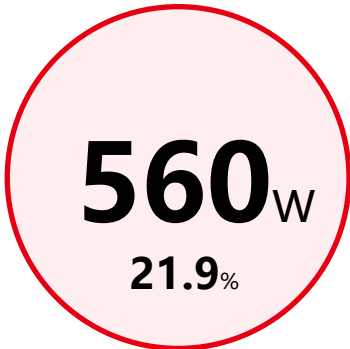
What another beautiful thing of higher module efficiency, it can drive down the BOS cost of the whole system

Hi-MO5 Increasing 0.8% efficiency can save BOS cost 0.42c \$ /W → Hi-MOx

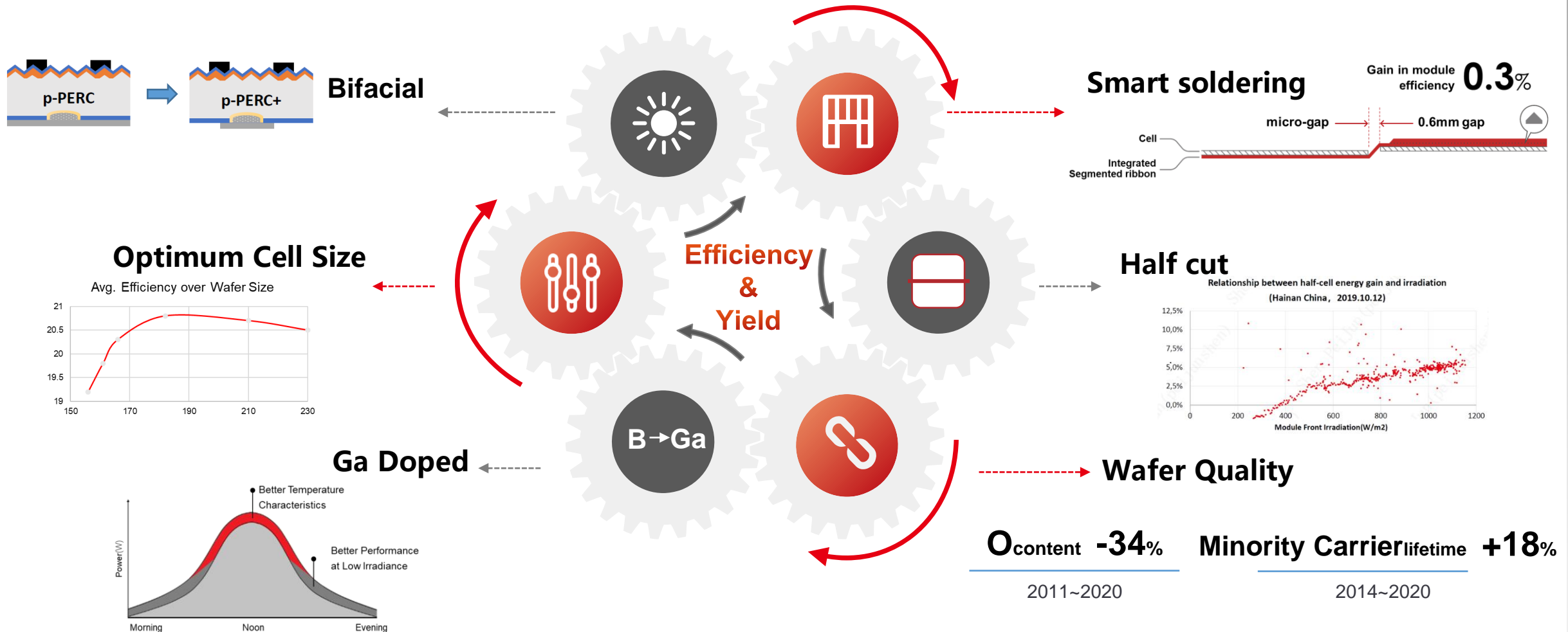
Spanish; 2P Tracker



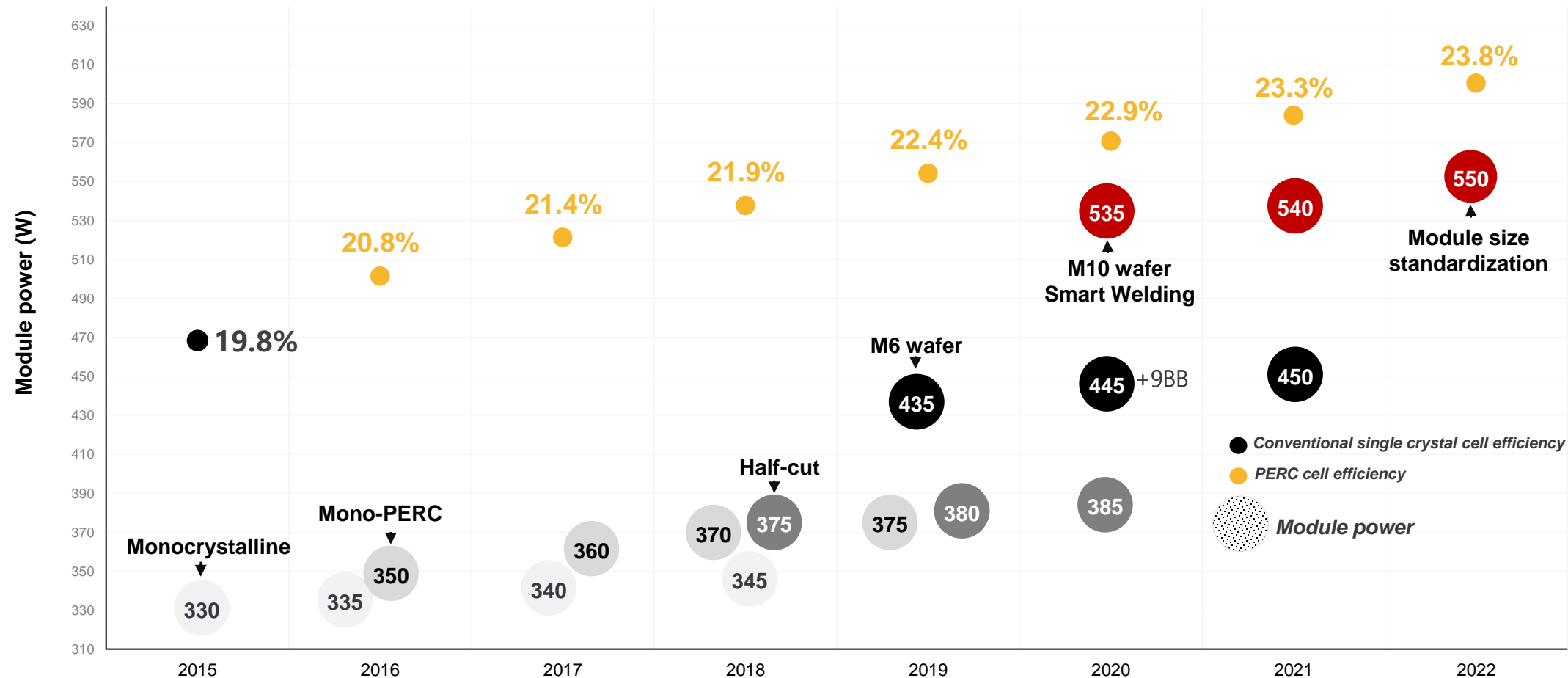
Cost saving ratio		
	Mounts and foundation	-2.8%
	Combiner box	/
	Cables	-1.1%
	Labor	-3.3%
	Land	/



What LONGi did to BOOST the Module Efficiency and Yield

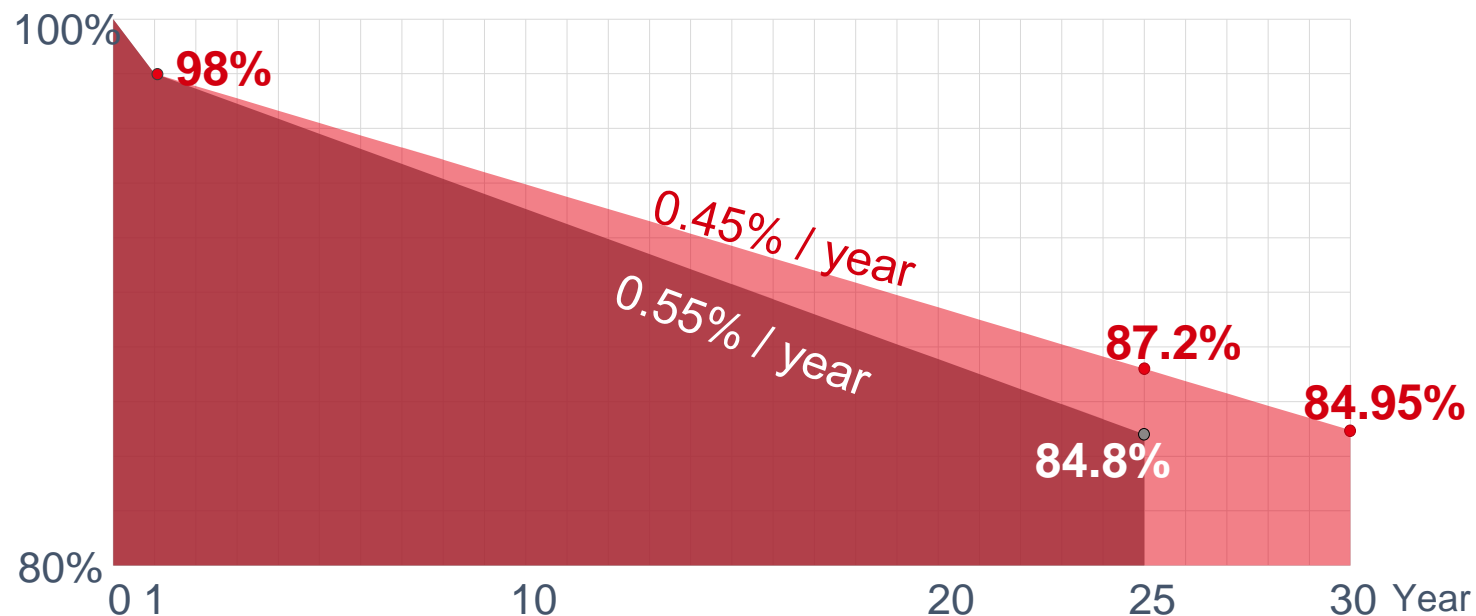


In past 7 years, LONGi promoted the PERC modules and Make it the most competitive product on Market



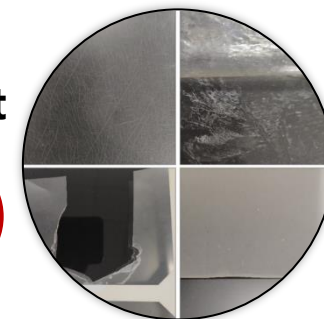
THEN Reliability and Lifetime are Matter for Best Practice

>19% additional Yield because of lower degradation and longer lifetime.



Application Example

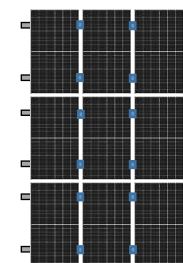
Transparent Backsheet



Module Current Margin

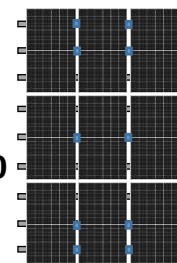
Cell size	Isc(A)	Max. diode current (A)	Current factor	Required safety factor (1+30%×75%*)×1.25	Safety margin
156.75	10	18	1.800	1.531	17.6%
166	11.6	22	1.897		23.9%
182	13.9	25	1.799		17.5%
210	18.4	25	1.359		-11.3%
		30	1.630		6.5%

Mechanical Loads



Design with 182 mm modules
6 rails

Design with 210 mm modules
9 rails



Professional Reliability Assessment Methods

Based on the research results of well-known research units and third-party institutions in the industry, LONGi has established a variety of differentiated reliability testing methods to evaluate product and material reliability more quickly and effectively.

Full-Scenario Reliability

Diverse Climate conditions

Highly Accelerated Thermal Cycling (HATC)

Performance at Low Irradiance

LeTID

DH +UV Aging

Cold conditioning + Dry heat + HF sequence test

PID

.....

TC + UV Aging

UV + TC + HF sequence test

Salt Mist
Ammonia Corrosion

Catastrophic Conditions

Hail Test

Enlarge the hailstone to 35mm during hail test, Verify the module reliability in extreme weather.

Low-temperature Mechanical Load Performance

Apply low temperature and static mechanical load to modules simultaneously. Accurately verify the product reliability

Wind Tunnel Thresher Test

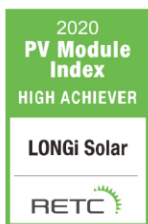
Subjected to a maximum wind speed of 60m/s (~17 magnitude hurricane) for Module design and installation validate.

Fire Resistance Test

LONGi modules can pass the highest fire resistance test (Italy UNI 9177 Class1)

The Third-party Evaluation of Product Quality & Performance

RETC High Achiever for 4 years



LONGi is recognized as a 2022 Top Performer, gaining the High Achiever status in RETC (Renewable Energy Test Center)'s PV Module Index Report for the fourth consecutive year.

In RETC's "Photovoltaic Module Index Report" (PVMi) for 2020, LONGi's results in the three key indicators of reliability, performance and quality identified it as only company to achieve an award. LONGi also became the only manufacturer to perform well in all 8 individual tests, underlining the high reliability and excellent performance of its modules.

Performance

- Module Efficiency
- PTC-to-STC Ratio
- PAN File
- LID Test

Reliability

- DH2000 Test
- DML Test
- PID-Free
- TC

Quality

- Thresher Test (HF30, TC600, DH2000, DML, UVSoak)
- Hail Test



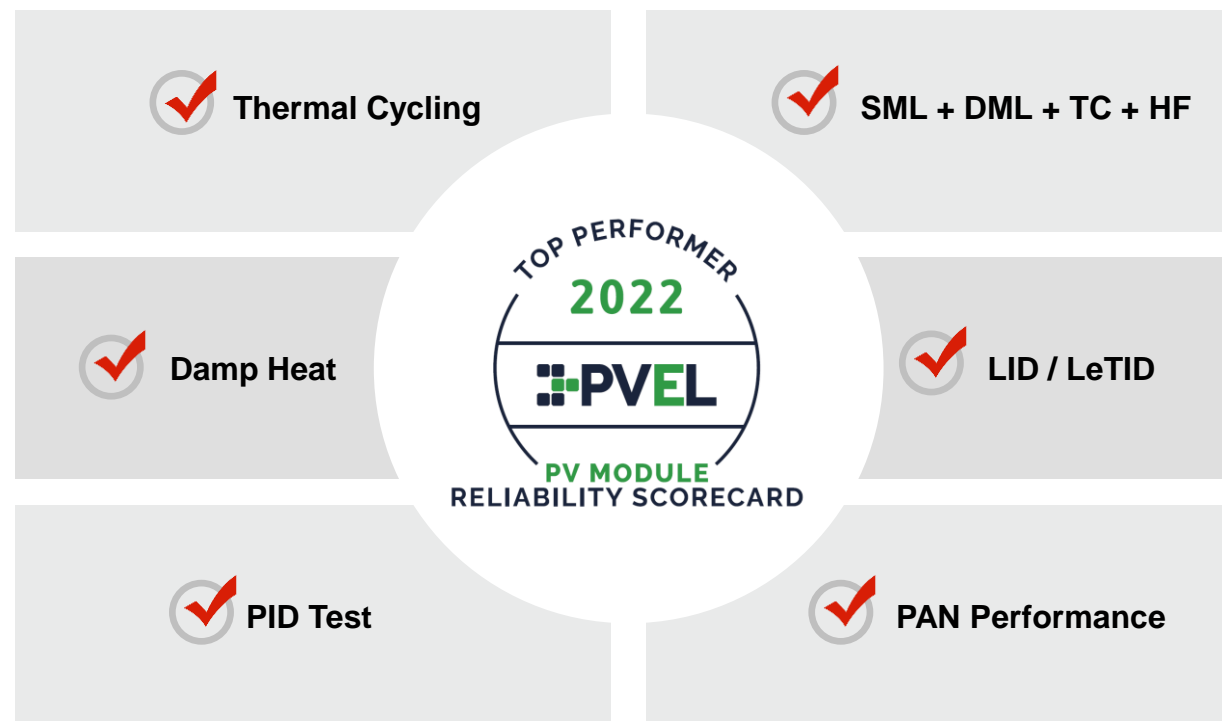
The Third-party Evaluation of Product Quality & Performance

Top Performer in PVEL's PV Module Reliability Scorecard 6 Times (2017 - 2022)

Achieving Top Performer in all 6 test programs (2022)

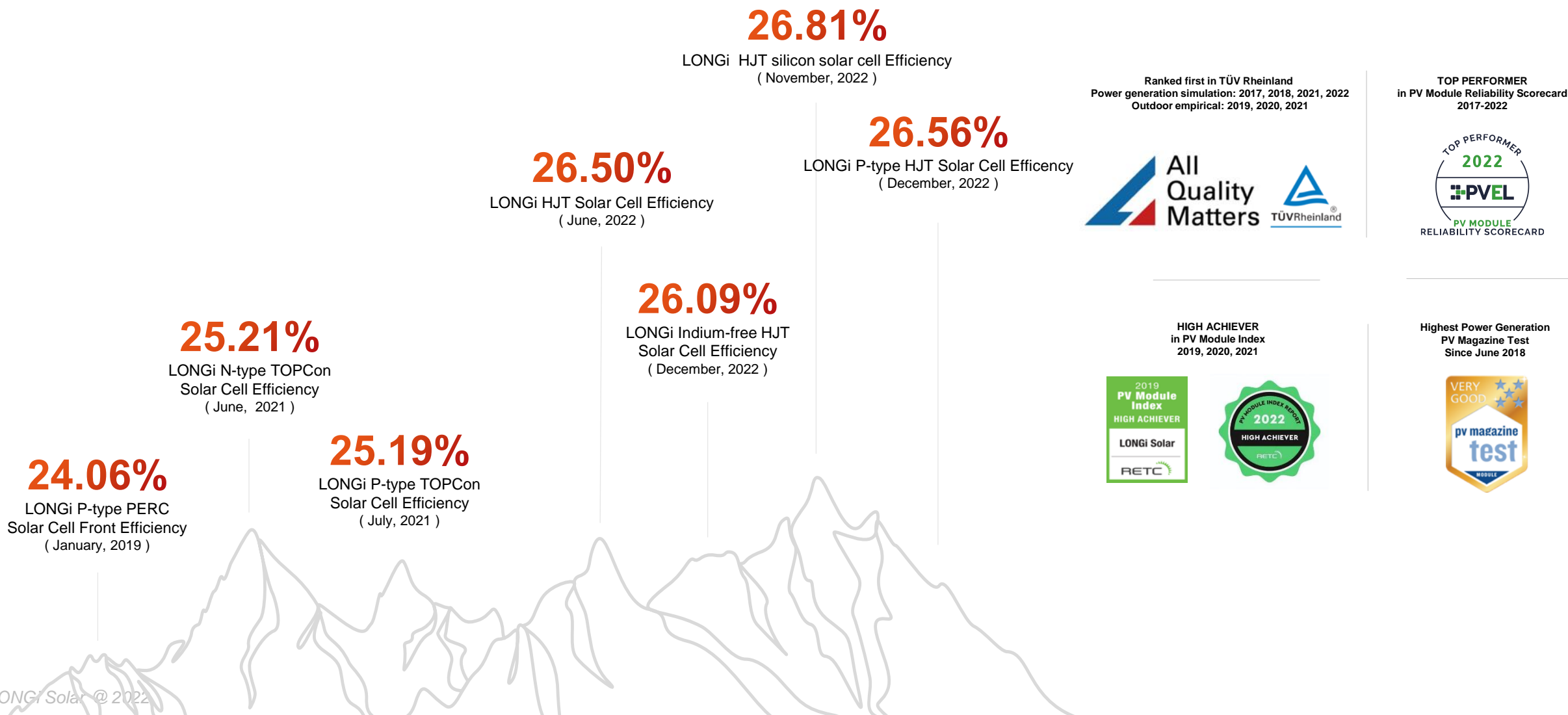
PVEL's PV Module Reliability Scorecard provides the industry with an important reference vis-a-vis long-term reliability and performance data. The 2022 PVEL Product Qualification Program (PQP) test comprised of six elements, including 600 cycles thermal cycling, 2,000 hours of damp heat, mechanical stress sequencing, 192 hours of potential-induced degradation, LID+LeTID and Panfile (representing power generation capability).

In 2022, LONGi's models was named a Top Performer in all six testing categories.



The Third-party Evaluation of Product Quality & Performance

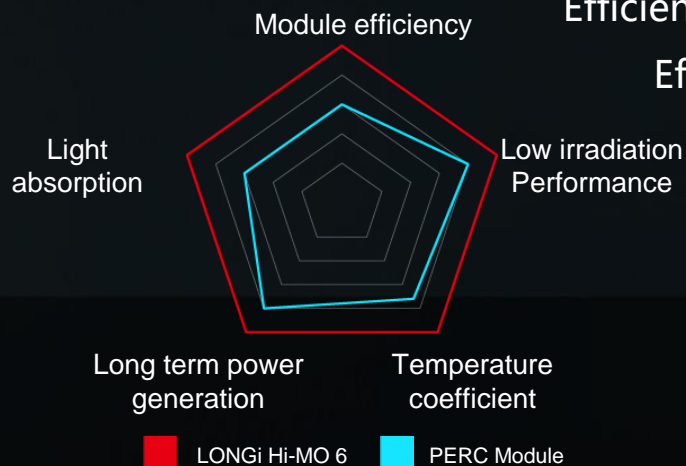
Then Which Technology will be the future 'Best Practice'?



Keep Product Innovation, Towards Terawatt Era

Efficiency of conventional HPBC cells exceeds 25%

Efficiency of PRO version HPBC cells break through 25.3%



Light absorption

Multi-layer anti-reflection film and absence of front grid increase light absorption

Light absorption ●



Photoelectric conversion

Multi layer passivation reduces impurity recombination and improves photoelectric conversion efficiency

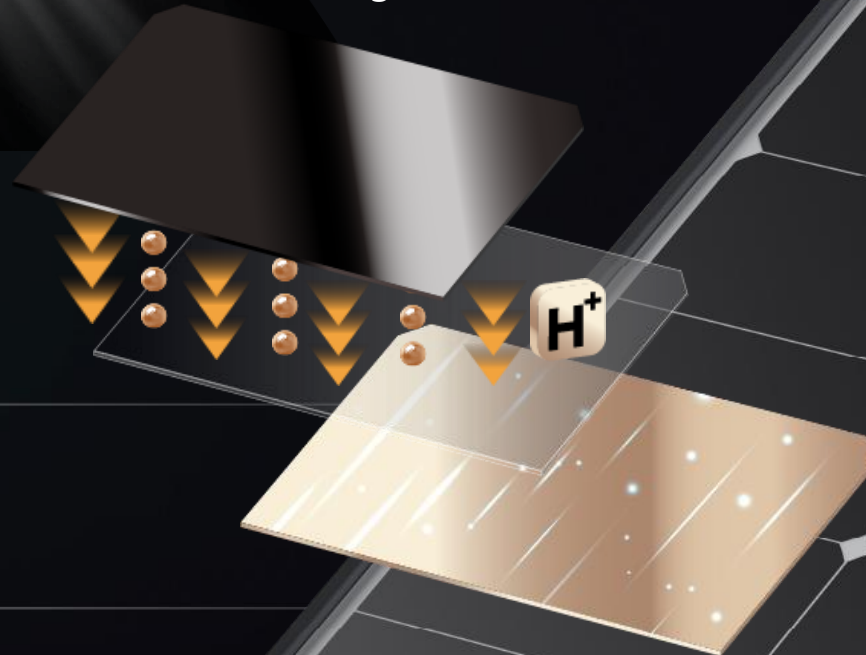
Photoelectric conversion ●



Electric transmission

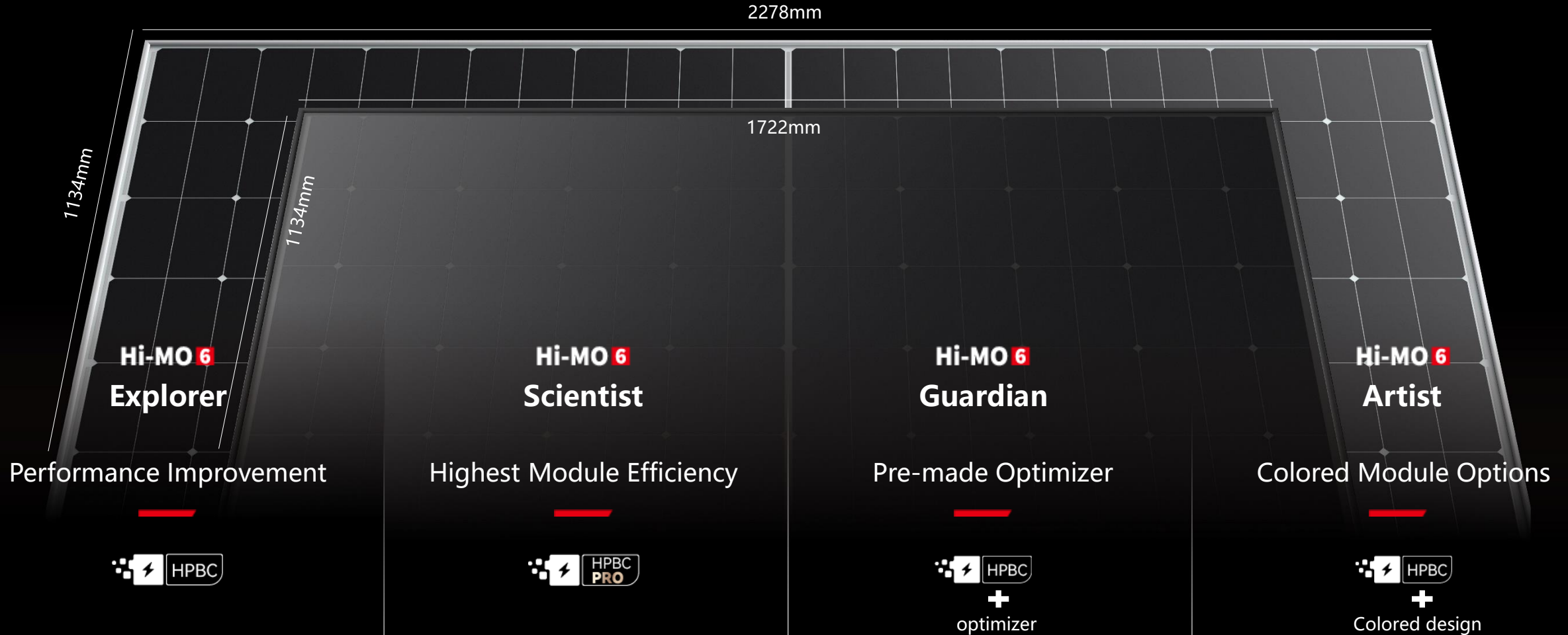
Innovative all-back welding technology stabilizes the current transmission

Electric transmission ●

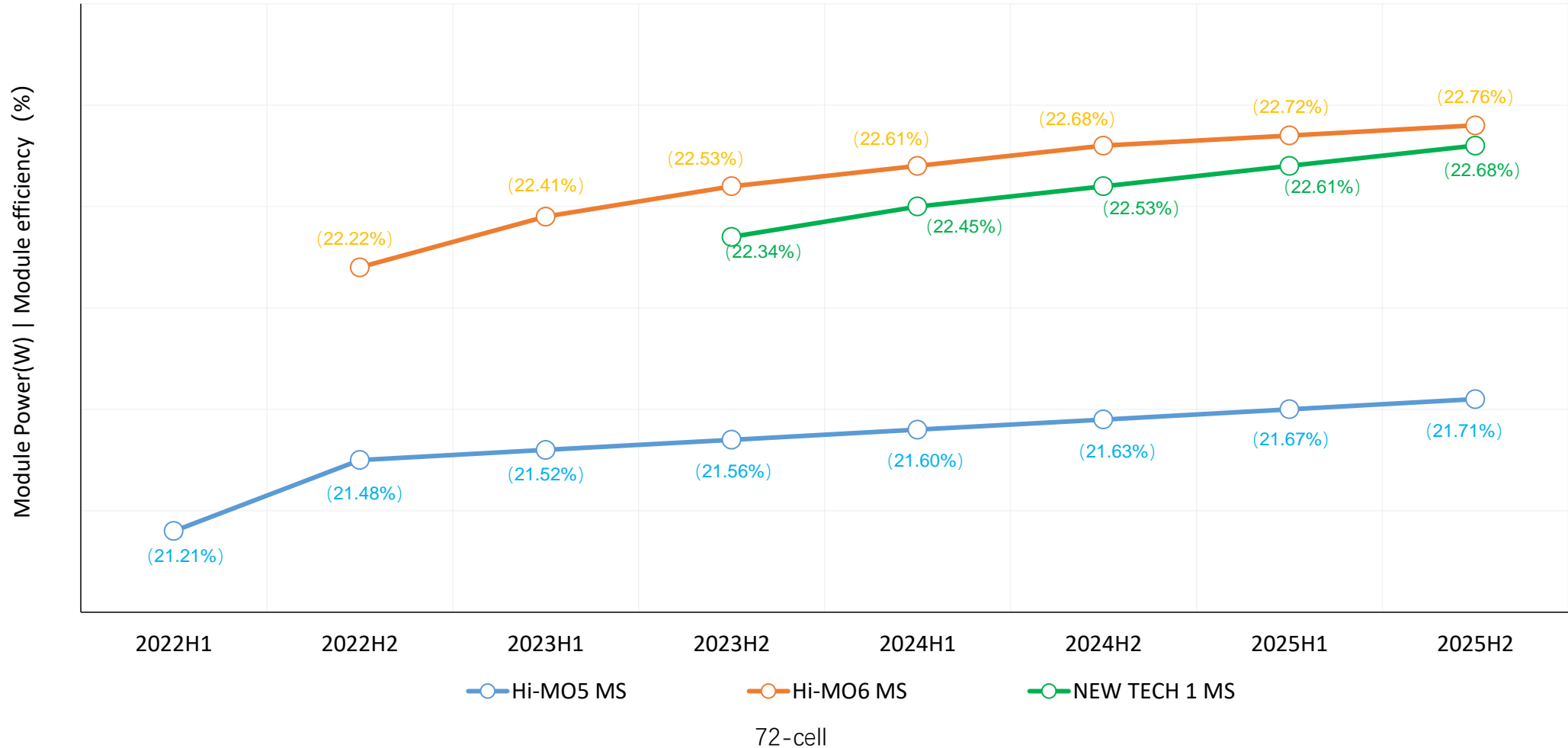


Hi-MO 6 Product Family

Four product series, all adhering to the 182mm standard



2022-2025 Module Power Roadmap



LONGi



Dr. SHEN, PEIJUN

Europe Sr. Product Marketing Manager

LONGi Solar Technology Co., Ltd.

Add.: Germany

Email: peijunshen@longi.com

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Marjia Maisch

Editor
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Mark Hutchins

Editor
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Utility scale solutions and progress in market trends with string inverters



David Sánchez

Sales Director EMEA – Utility & Large Scale
GoodWe

Intelligent Solution of Utility Scale Station



Academy@goodwe.com



.Community.goodwe.com

GoodWe Solar Community

DEEP IN SOLAR

01

Company Introduction



GOODWE

GOODWE FAMILY



4000 +

Number of Employees



800 +

R&D Staff



150 +

Overseas Employees

München, Deutschland
HQ EMEA



Suzhou, China
HQ

About GoodWe

GOODWE
Smart Energy Innovator

Vision:

Driving the world's smart energy future

Mission:

We are determined to be the main driving force in the global energy transition, create a sustainable future for earth, for mankind, and for future generations.



11%
R&D investment (Q1,2022)



The Best Employer of Greater
Suzhou for 5 consecutive years



US LEED Gold Level Green Building
Also the highest Green Building Standard in China

GoodWe is a leading, strategically-thinking enterprise which focuses on research and manufacturing of inverter-centric renewable energy solution products

GLOBAL PRESENCE

Branches

Hong Kong (China), Australia, Germany, United Kingdom, Belgium, Japan, United States, South Korea

Sales & Service Centers

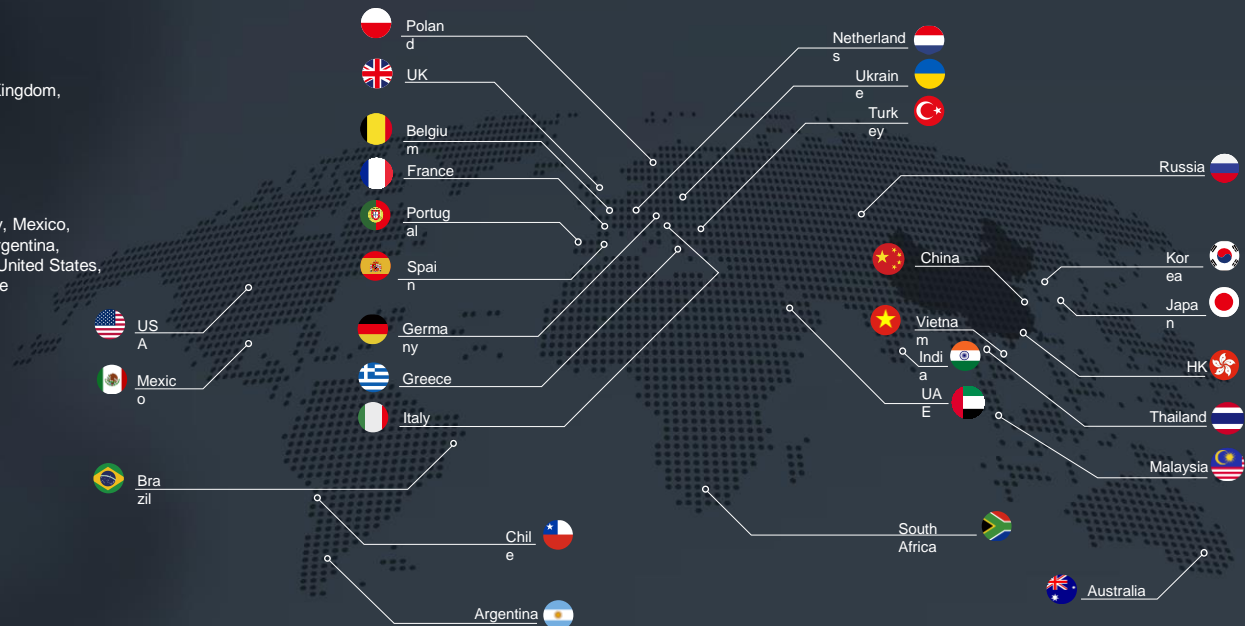
Australia, United Kingdom, Netherlands, Germany, Mexico, Brazil, Poland, Spain, Italy, South Africa, Chile, Argentina, Portugal, Greece, India, Turkey, Japan, Ukraine, United States, Vietnam, Thailand, Malaysia, Russia, UAE, France

R&D Centers

Suzhou R&D center, Shenzhen R&D center

Production Facilities

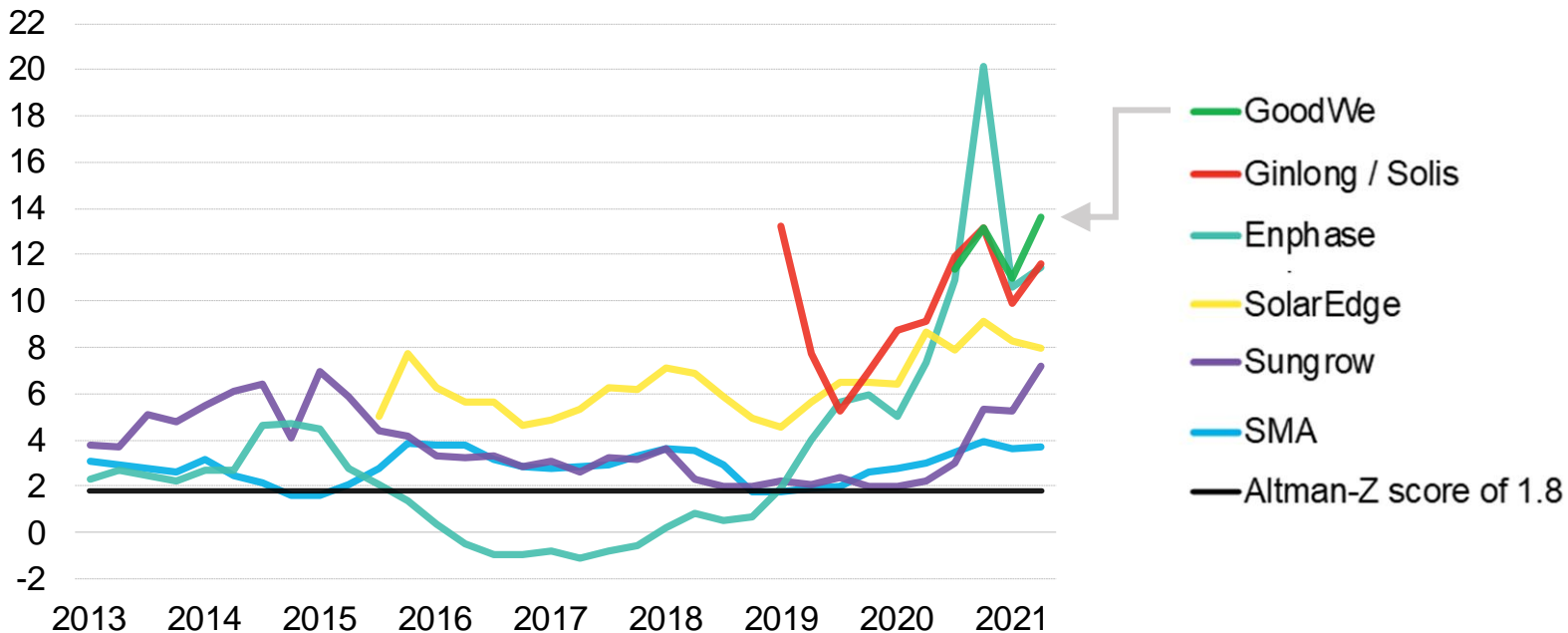
Suzhou Manufacturing base
Guangde Manufacturing base



MOST BANKABLE INVERTER BRAND 2021

Source: Bloomberg Terminal, Bloomberg NEF

Altman-Z scores of selected pure-play publicly listed inverter manufacturers



GOODWE'S HIGH QUALITY RECOGNITION

2017-2021

EuPD Top Brand for 5 Consecutive Years
(AU & NL & PL & ES & PK & RSA & BR & VN)



reddot Design



2018

Reddot Design



TÜVRheinland®
Precisely Right.
ALL QUALITY MATTERS AWAR!

2015-2020

The Sole
Inverter Brand to Have Won the Award for
6 Consecutive Years



Storage
NO.1
Hybrid

Wood
Mackenzie
POWER & RENEWABLES

2019

World's No.1 Hybrid
Storage Inverter Supplier



PV magazine
AWARD
2019

2019

PV Magazine Award

2021

EH Series 5kW No.2
ET Series 10kW No.5



ENERGY
STORAGE
Inspection
2021



BloombergNEF

2021

The Most Financially
Stable Inverter Company

The background is a deep blue gradient with abstract, flowing, wavy lines that create a sense of motion. In the lower right corner, there are small, glowing blue particles or stars, adding a futuristic or technological feel to the design.

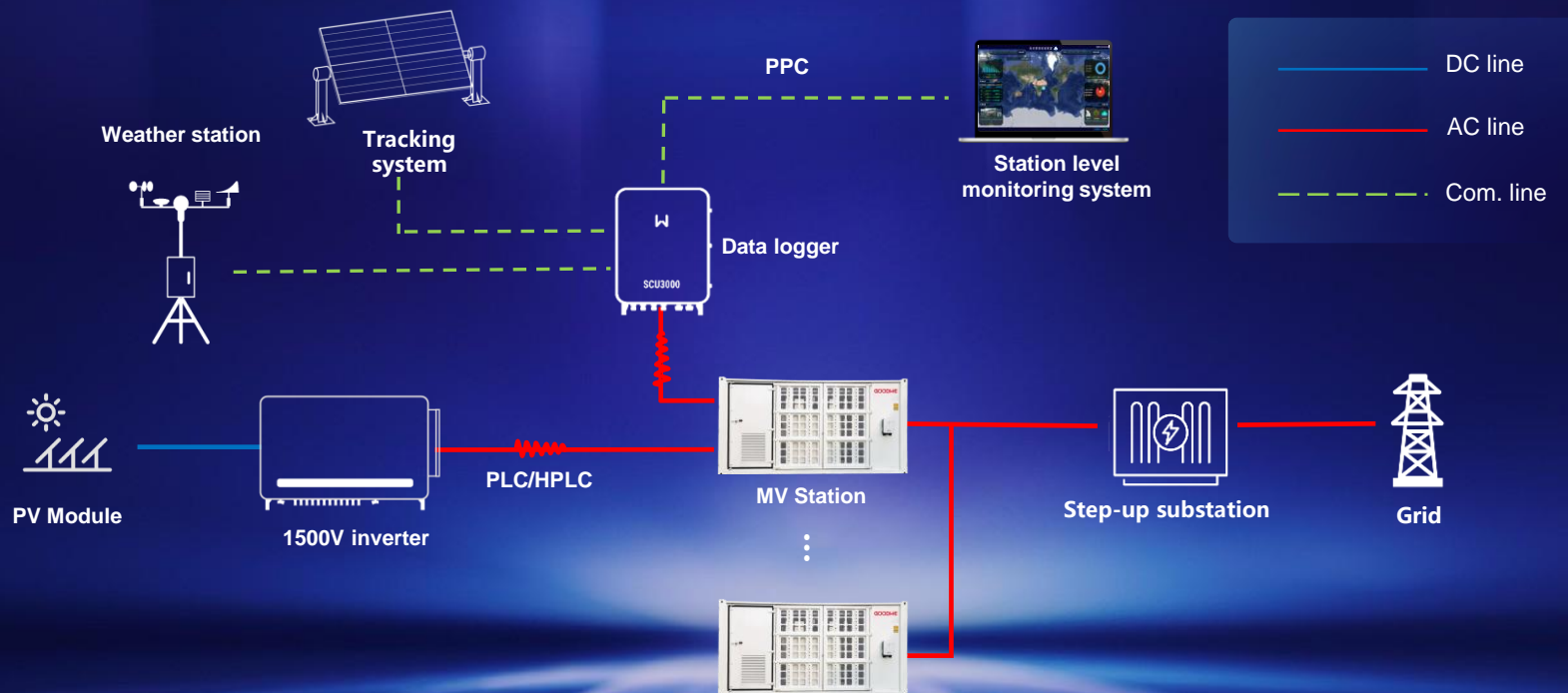
02

Solution

Introduction

Overall Solution

GOODWE

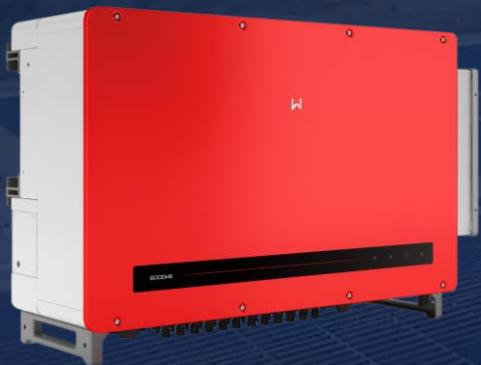


LCOE in Utility-Scale PV Systems

Inverters accounts ~5% of the system cost but have the largest impact on the overall BOQ, Labor and Yield

$$LCOE = \frac{CAPEX + OPEX^*}{EOH^*} \left[\frac{\$}{MWh} \right]$$

- LCOE: Levelized Cost of Electricity
- CAPEX: Capital Expenditure
- OPEX: Operating Expenses
- EOH: Equivalent Operating Hours (Yield)
 - * at Net Present Value



HT Series 250kW

15/12 MPPTs

15/20A per string



DC Input Current
15A/20A



Type II SPD
Integrated

98.5%

European
Efficiency

PLC

PLC communication

IV

IV Scan & Diagnosis

IP66 & C5

IP66 Overall Protection
C5 for option



Support 400mm²
Diameter AC Cable



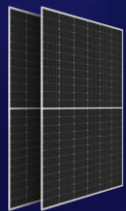
String Current
monitoring

PID Solution

PID recovery, Anti PID

Compatible with 182 & 210mm PV module

GOODWE



182mm module

~ 14A Input current



GW250K-HT

Max. 15A



210mm module

~ 18.5A Input current
~ 20 A Input current with
bifacial gain



GW250KN-HT

Max. 20A

Product Feature - Intelligent DC Switch

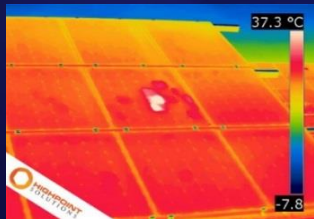
GOODWE



GW250KN-HT

- Fuse-less design
- Intelligent break and arc extinction
- Directly controlled by DSP

Multi-MPPT Design Minimizing Bifacial Mismatch



Hot Spot



Different tilt and azimuth



Breakage



Dust



Module Mismatch

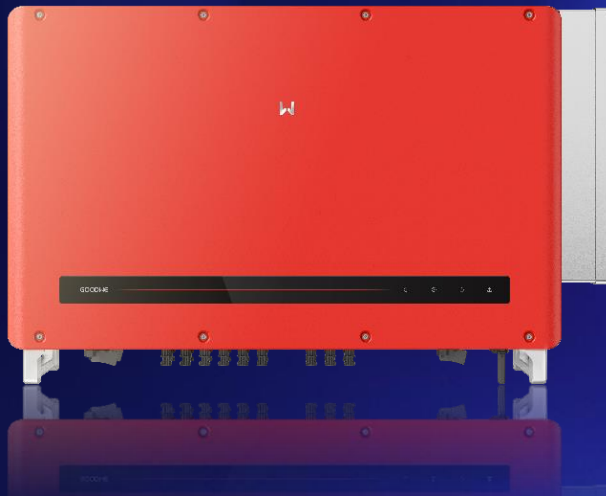


Shadow

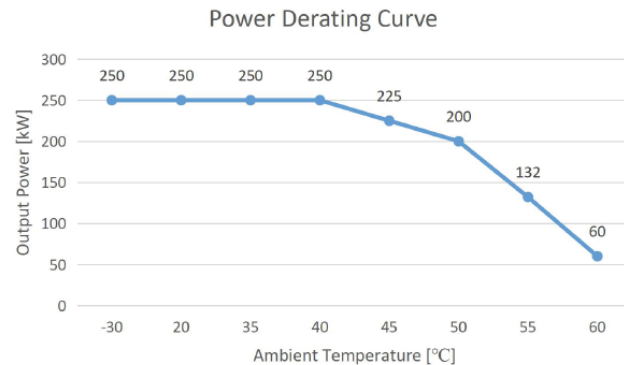


Up to 12 MPPT's allow HT PV Inverters to reduce significantly mismatch losses of the DC PV Array. Especially critical when using bifacial modules.

Advanced Thermal Design

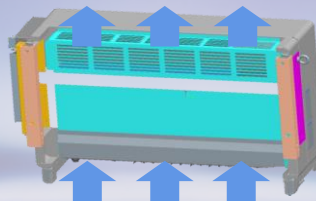


**Full power
generation up
to 40°C**



**Superior thermal design
allowing:**

- Higher power generation
- Longer lifespan



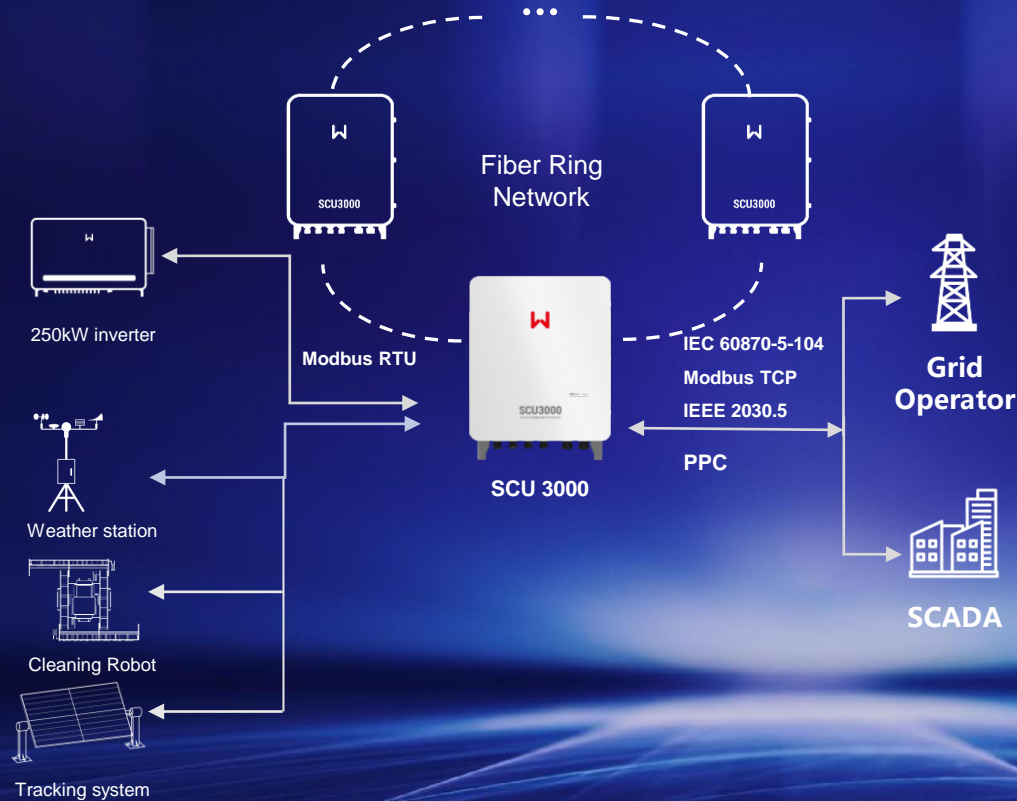
**Optimized heat
dissipation path**



**Set of 6 replaceable fans
(NMB, IP68)**

Overall Solution - Communications

GOODWE



Compatibility

- More protocols
- More I/O Ports
- 8 DI, 4DO, 8 AI, PT100/PT1000

Fast Communication

- HPLC
- Reactive power 30ms
- Active power 80ms

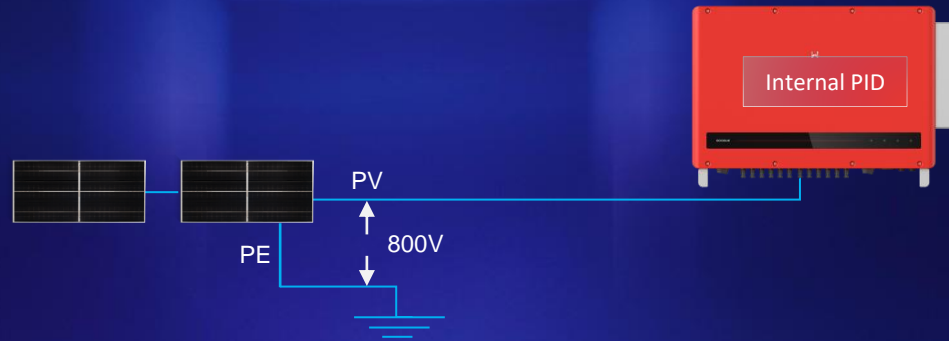
Reliable & Safe

- Optical fiber ring redundancy
- Vertical encryption

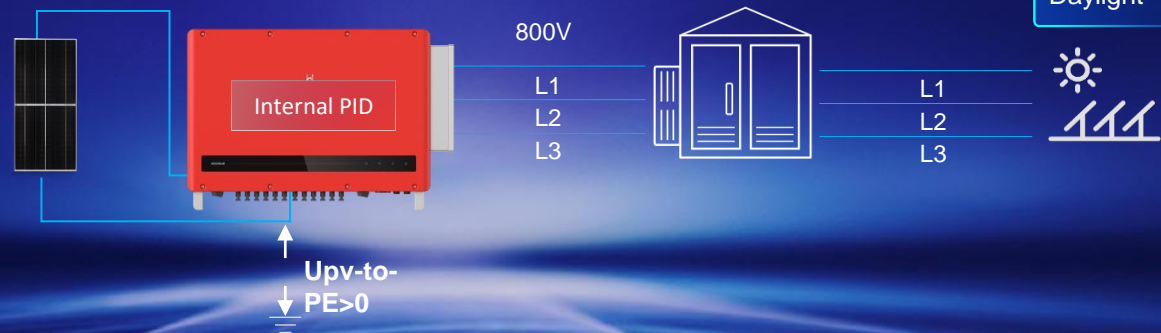
PID Solution

GOODWE

PID recovery

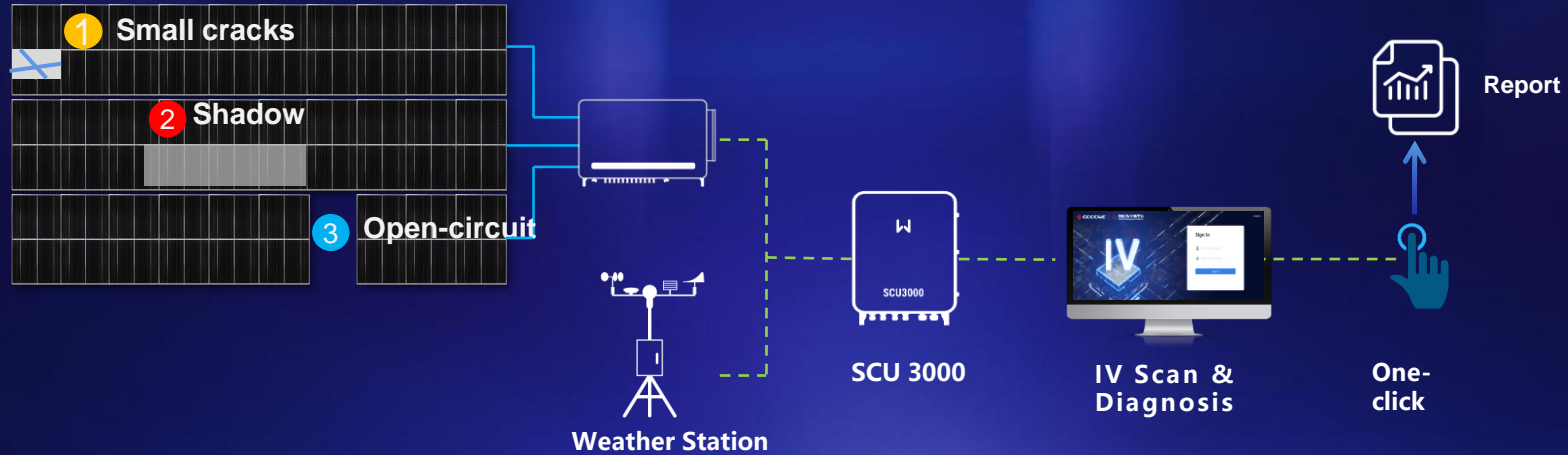


Anti-PID



IV scan & diagnosis

GOODWE



Intelligent

- Failure detection
- Station/sub-array/inverter level diagnosis
- Visualize data

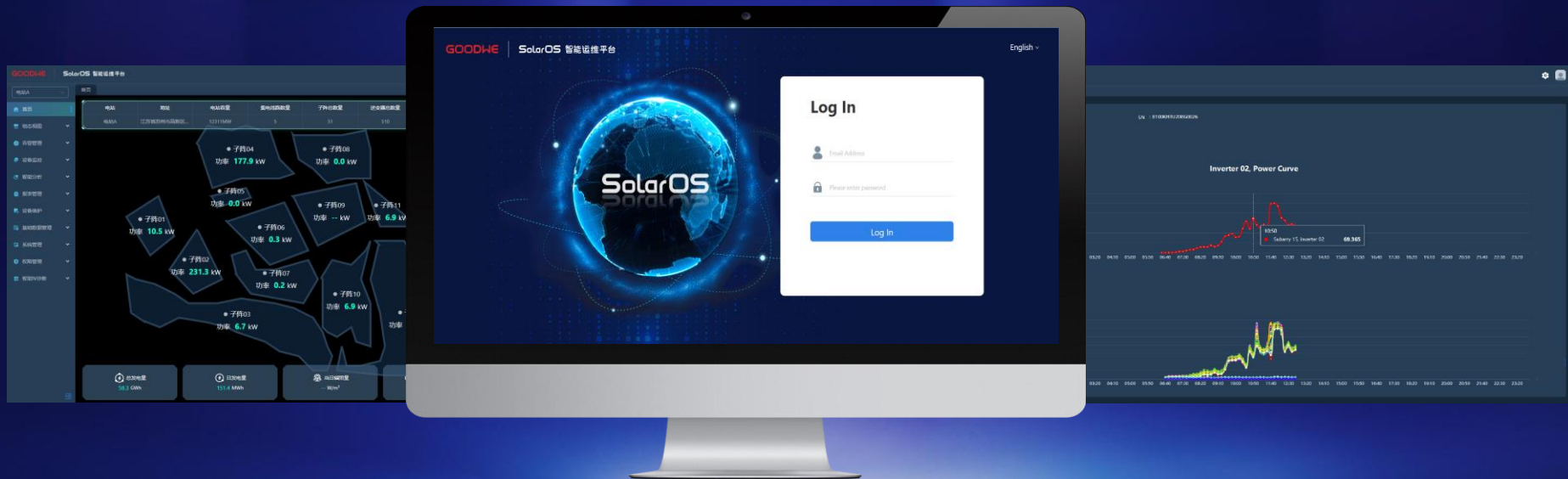


High efficiency

- Diagnosis by one-click
- Diagnostic time less than 10min for 10 MW station
- Diagnostic time less than 30min for 100 MW station

SolarOS station level monitoring system

GOODWE



- Digital operation and maintenance
- View visualization
- EOH analysis (Equivalent Operating Hour)
- IV scan and diagnosis
- Customized report
- One-click upgrade

Overall Design of The MV Station



- 1 Up to 40.5kV
- 2 Up to 7000kVA
- 3 Double split or double secondary winding
- 4 CVC ring main unit
- 5 Standard 20 ft container design
- 6 Quick installation and convenient transportation
- 7 The LV and MV rooms are IP54 and the transformer is designed for outdoor use
- 8 Peak Efficiency Index (PEI) > 99.58%

Large Capacity

Compact Structure

Convenient Shipment

Comply with IEC 60076, IEC 62271-200

Great performances ensure stability and safety



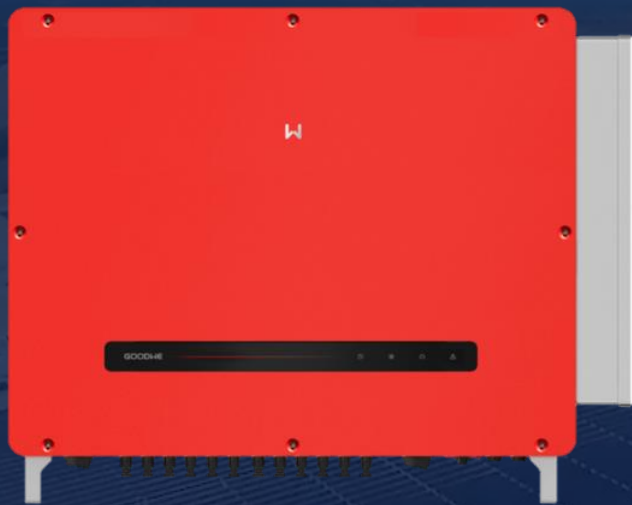
Can withstand Wind load 1720Pa
Working temperature -30-60°C



IEC 60076



EN 50708



UT Series 350kW

15/12 MPPTs

15/20A per string



DC Input Current
15A/20A



Type II SPD
Integrated

98.8%

European
Efficiency

SVG

Reactive power
compensation

IV

IV Scan & Diagnosis

IP66 & C5

IP66 Overall Protection
C5 for option



Support 400mm²
Diameter AC Cable

HPLC

Faster
communication

*PID recovery
& Anti PID*

Two functions can coexist

THANK YOU

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7 March 2023

2:00 pm – 3:30 pm | GMT, London

3:00 pm – 4:30 pm | CET, Berlin, Madrid, Paris

4:00 pm – 5:30 pm | EET, Athens

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Utility-scale PV and string inverter market trends **Panel Discussion**



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pv magazine



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Technical Director EMEA –
Utility & Large Scale
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Felix Jetter
Team Leader
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Head of Operations
Prosolia Energy



Nitish Sinha
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Utility-scale PV and string inverter market trends

Q&A

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New thermal battery offers fast, efficient performance at low cost

by Marija Maisch



Viessmann unveils ground-source heat pump for space, water heating

by Beatriz Santos



Coming up next...

Tuesday, 14 March 2023

8:00 am – 9:00 am PDT, Los Angeles
4:00 pm - 5:00 pm CET, Berlin

Thursday, 16 March 2023

1:00 pm – 2:00 pm GMT, London
2:00 pm – 3:00 pm CET, Berlin

Many more to come!

**How energy
storage buyers
can mitigate
upstream supply
chain risk**

**Quantifying
early-stage
project
development
costs &
constraints**

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joining today!**